The Constitution.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. SUNDAY MORNING. JULY 2, 1876 NO. 15

Constitution.

Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga

TERMS!

...$10 00
... 5 00
...ne year ... 2 00
...x months ... 1 00
...for one year, on Daily, 60 cents; Week-...er, 20 cents.

...ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVER-...SES, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

Length of Space Ten Lines	1 W'K	2 W'KS	3 W'KS	1 W'TH
One Square...	$ 5 00	$ 7 50	$ 10 00	$ 15 00
Two Squares...	7 00	10 50	14 00	20 00
Three Squares...	9 00	13 50	18 00	25 00
Four Squares...	11 00	16 50	22 00	30 00
Five Squares...	13 00	19 50	26 00	35 00
Six Squares...	14 50	22 50	30 00	39 00
Eight Squares...	16 00	24 00	32 00	43 50
Half Column...	30 00	45 00	60 00	85 00
One Column...	50 00	75 00	100 00	150 00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, ...ne-fifth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half of the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

The Dog, Shows, Minstrel Companies, and ...ch like amusements $1 per square for first ...sertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in ... cents per line, each insertion; in "Business" 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. ...imated at six words. Contract rates ... Transient Advertisements must be paid in advance.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 1, 1876.

RETURNED.

...r "Fairview" left St. Louis ... Thursday, and reached ... yesterday, with the following ...ons: Hon. R. E. Lester, Hon. ...nichols, Hon. H. G. T..., Hon. ...ll, Blandford, Hon. J. J. Jones, Hon. W. H Payne, delegates; Col. Pat. Walsh, James Banks and A. B. Wrenn.

THE national education association of 1876 will be held in Baltimore, Maryland, on the 10th, 11th, and 12th day of July.

Prof E. M. Pendleton of the university of Georgia, will read a paper on: How far should industrial school engage in the attempt to extend the limits of science by experiment or otherwise.

THE Chattanooga Times says of the situation:

"The democratic party now have the opportunity to regain their supremacy, to redeem the country from the effects ...mal-administration, to show to the ...ld that the people are capable of ...government, that they are the ...rs and their appointees to office ...ervants; that republican governm... is not a failure. But it will re... hard, organized, persistent work to accomplish it."

Organization should be the rallying-cry of the democracy everywhere, as well in the certain as in the doubtful states. It is invincible organization in the one which gives confidence and prestige to the party in the others.

The Kendrick Case.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

The jury made up their verdict yesterday morning at 7 o'clock. They report they had no poll during the night, but the most of them slept well. The members are reticent, but the inference is clear that about half the number, or more, desired to sustain the charge of seduction.

THE VERDICT IN COURT.

At about 8 o'clock Judge Crawford was sent for, and soon appeared and took his seat. After the usual preliminaries the verdict was received and read in silence. Not many were in the court room. The accused was present, and the verdict of "We, the jury, find the prisoner guilty of adultery," was read.

Solicitor Little objected to the form, and stated that it should have read "adultery and fornication."

Col. Hawkins, one of the counsel for the defense, objected on the grounds that no such charge had been given the jury by the judge sustained him and in that he had not so charged.

MOTION FOR DISCHARGE OF DEFENDANT.

The defendant has filed in the clerk's office a motion to discharge him upon the following grounds, to-wit: That the verdict rendered in his case is for adultery, when the indictment does not allege that he was a married man; and further that the indictment does not charge him with being a single man, or that he was any other than C A. Kendrick, further, that said verdict is for adultery, when it appears that the girl mentioned in said indictment is an unmarried female.

Home Rule.

Telegram to the Constitution.

LONDON, July 1.—In the house of commons the home rule motion was rejected by 291 to 61.

Servia has given notice that she will place torpedoes in the Danube if the Turkish gunboats quit Widden.

Bayard to Tilden.

Telegram to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—*To Hon Samuel J. Tilden:* I take the first hour since my return from Mississippi to assure you that my fervent support will not be wanting to elect you to the presidency, where your services are so much needed by the American people

T. F. BAYARD.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The senate has up a resolution to pay P. B. S. Pinchback the compensation and mileage of senator from March 4th, 1873, till the crimination of the contest by the senate.

A very remarkable condition of affairs exists at the treasury department to-day. There is no secretary of the treasury, nor assistant treasurer, and the cash room has been closed, no drafts having been paid since noon. Mr. Cameron, it is found, cannot legally assume the duties of secretary. The ten days in which an acting secretary may be in charge, having expired for the reason that Mr. Conant, since the resignation of Mr. Bristow, ten days ago, has been fulfilling all the duties of the office, and the law provides no further for an acting appointment. Mr. Wyman has his bond in every respect regular and complete, except that they require the approval of the secretary of the treasury. As there is no such officer he cannot qualify Mr. Gilfillan, the newly appointed assistant treasurer, who like Mr. Wyman, has performed all necessary acts to qualify, has not received his commission, so just this hour there is no officer in the department under whose authority any money can be expended. The first comptroller decided to-day that the law would not permit Mr. ...eron to act as secretary. ... New, who has not yet turned the money of the government to ...ccessor, has assumed the responsibility of paying the warrants that ...sued yesterday against all other ...nts; however, the cash room is ...nd business for the time being ...ically suspended. ... Taft, Assistant Secretary Cot... the president are in consulta...

...mocratic members of congress ...ny responsibility for this ab... of affairs.

A VERY SAD TRAGEDY.

SUDDEN AND TERRIBLE DEATH OF LOUISE HAWTHORNE YESTERDAY MORNING.

She Falls From a Sixth Story Window of the Tremont House and is Instantly Killed.

Sketch of the Career of the Young and Beautiful Actress.

Chicago Inter-Ocean.

At an early hour yesterday morning the first intelligence of a most melancholy catastrophe which had occurred at one of the leading Chicago hotels became known on the streets, and it was but a short time before thousands of those who had admired Louise Hawthorne as an actress of a high order and respected her as a beautiful, accomplished woman, received a verification of the sad story, and learned that their favorite had met with

A VIOLENT AND HORRIBLE DEATH.

After spending a pleasant evening among her professional friends and making the final arrangements for a long-looked-for visit to her parents in the east, Miss Hawthorne retired to her room, to be found an hour later cold in death on the stones in the ... court, where her crushed and ... form was found by horr... friends in the hotel.

The particulars of the sad event ... has cast a gloom over the theatrical ... fession, the theatre-going public, and the thousands to whom Miss Hawthorne's name was a household word, are few and meager. On Tuesday evening she attended the performance at Hooley's theatre, accompanied by two friends, Mr. and Mrs. Warfield, and left the house shortly before the conclusion of the drama, as she was not feeling well and had to prepare for her departure to the east by the 9 o'clock train next morning. On arriving at the Tremont house, where she had been boarding for the past few weeks, she found that Miss Girard, a member of the Union Square company, with whom she was acquainted, had been seized with hemorrhage of the lungs, and was in a state, almost approaching delirium. Miss Girard had been ill for several days, but was unwilling to give up her duties at the theatre, and by her refusal to take the rest necessary for one in such a state of health, had reduced herself to a condition in which she required constant attention. Miss Hawthorne was desirous of sitting up with her sick friend, but did not feel able to do so.

M. WILL E. CHAPMAN,

manager of Hooley's, returned to the hotel about 1 a. m., and, on passing the door of Miss Girard's room, found Miss Hawtorne and some other ladies standing outside. She told him of her wish to serve her friend, but expressed her doubts as to whether it would be prudent for her to sit up all night, in view of the approaching departure, and Mr. Chapman begged of her on no account to risk her own health in such a manner. She left then for her own room, which was situated on the same floor, the sixth, and a few minutes after Mr. James O'Neill knocked at her door he having a sleeping car coupon to present to her. This was about 2 o'clock, and it was the last time she was seen alive.

The room occupied by the unfortunate lady is numbered 316; consists of a bed-room with bath-room attached, and is upon

THE INNER CORRIDOR

of the sixth floor of the building. It is lighted by a large window looking out on the quadrangle formed by the hotel on three sides and the backs of the State street houses on the fourth. The greater part of this interior space is occupied by a large one-story erection which covers the hotel office, rotunda and reading rooms, and in the northwest corner, almost immediately below the room occupied by Miss Hawthorne, is a two-story building containing the passenger engine room, a reception room and other offices. From the window to the basement measures about 95 feet, and the elevator building, which is surmounted by a heavy stone coping, rising about 40 feet, a space some 10 feet wide being left between it and the main wall.

AT ABOUT 2:30,

or between that and three o'clock, the bell of room 316 was rung violently, and Mr. Shafer the night clerk, sent a colored boy named Rias to answer it telling him to take a pitcher of ice water along. The boy knocked at the door but received no response. He thought he heard a groan, and he immediately ran to the speaking tube and called to Mr. Shafer, asking who it was that occupied that room. The clerk said it was Miss Hawthorne's room. The boy caled down that there was some one in the room, but he could not get in. Mr. Shafer replied through the tube: "Then go and rap louder." The boy did as directed, but soon came running to the clerk's desk, saying he heard

SOMEBODY GROANING

in the room, but they did not open the door, although he knocked quite loud. Mr. Shafer told the boy to run up stairs at once and rouse Mr. Eldridge and Mr. Warfield, whose rooms were on the same floor as that of Miss Hawthorne, at the same time directing him to show a guest to his room on the way up.

The boy had not gone three minutes, when Shafer, still at the desk, heard a heavy sound of something falling on the ground. The same sound was heard by Mrs. Boland, who occupies the room under No. 316, and Mr. O'Neill, who felt restless and ... retired.

Shafer went up stairs to see what the matter was. Meanwhile the boy had awakened Mr. Eldridge, one of the clerks of the hotel, who sleeps on the same floor, and the two, with Mr. Chapman, who had become alarmed by the knocking, visited the room. No one was there, ... bathroom was empty, the long ... which is only about ... floor, was wide open, ... and a sad presentiment of the horrible truth which had occurred struck ... men. They called down the ... night clerk, who procured a lantern, and the worst fears of the searchers were realized. ... small square between the elevator building and the main wall, ... stone paving of the yard ... with the drizzling rain flashing upon it, lay

THE CRUSHED AND BLEEDING BODY

of the unfortunate lady. Above the line of the brows the head was shapeless mass, the brains being completely exposed. The right ... was broken in two places; the breast fearfully bruised, and the right leg also broken. The body lay in a natural position, the face downward and hands resting on the right arm, while the left arm lay by its side. It was clad only in ... chemise and a short traveling dress of brown linen which reached ... the knee, as had apparently been ... as a night wrapper.

Mr. Chapman was terribly overcome by the fearful sight, and ... of the assembled crowd, ... and seemed unable to realize what had happened. Forgetful of the terrible fall which the body had sustained, his only thought seemed to be, as he states, "That Miss Hawthorne was out in the rain and must be got in at once." His companions were calmer, and took the necessary measures to remove the body to a room to await the inquest. Dr. McArthur, who boards in the hotel, was called up and came before the body was removed, but it did not need his decision. Louise Hawthorne was far beyond the help of any earthly physician.

Coroner Dietzsch was notified as promptly as possible, and held an inquest about eight o'clock. An examination of

THE SCENE OF THE TRAGEDY

showed that the fall must have been direct, the body scraping along the wall or within one or two feet of it throughout its descent. Mr. Chapman advanced the theory that the body had struck upon the corner of the elevator building, and based this opinion on the ground of the natural position in which it lay. This, however, it is clear could not have been the case. From the lower port of the window of No. 316 to the ground, at a distance of from four to five feet from the wall, stretch three or four telegraph wires, and unless the body fell close to the wall it would have struck these, and undoubtedly carried them away. Mr. and Mrs. Boland heard the sound of the fall, and saw something white pass the window, touching the wall in its descent.

But few additional facts were developed on the inquest. Miss Hawthorne had apparently retired for the night, her clothes lying on the chairs and on the bureau, while the upper coverings of the bed were turned back. On the lounge was a small hand valise containing some toilet necessaries, and a trunk, fully packed but unlocked, stood in the center of the room.

It appeared from the evidence of some of the members of the company that she had complained during the day of a sickness to which she was periodically subject, and had stated that she wanted to take some medicine. The prescription which she was in the habit of using consisted of a powerful drug, and she had on previous occasions complained of dizziness after taking it. The reasonable presumption is, therefore, that after taking the medicine she was overcome with sickness and rang the bell for assistance. The groans heard by the bell boy doubtless proceeded from her, and in all probability she was unable to direct him to enter the room. This led him to believe no one was there, and while he returned to the office she probably partially revived and crept to the window for fresh air, or thinking that the bell had not been answered looked down to the office below to see if a light was burning there, a matter easily determined by the reflection, which in that case would be discernible through the side window in the northwest corner. The window being very low it is supposed that she lost her balance and fell as described. Such was the view taken by the coroner's jury, and the verdict was that she came to her death by accidentally falling from the window to the ground below.

THE REMAINS

were taken in charge by Mr. C. H. Jordan and removed to his undertaking establishment, No. 112 Clark street, to await the decision of the family of the deceased. Early in the day Mr. Chapman telegraphed to George Morton, the husband of Miss Hawthorne, apprising him of the sad event, and stating that his wishes in regard to the disposition of the body would be attended to. The message apparently did not reach him, as no reply was received. Another message was sent to her father, Mr. Timmons, at Middletown, Conn., and an answer was received late in the afternoon desiring that the remains should be forwarded to his home. It appears that he had been looking forward to a visit from his child, and was preparing for her reception.

A SKETCH OF HER CAREER.

Mrs. George Morton, whom the public knew and admired as Miss Louise Hawthorne, was born in England, but came to America at a very early age with her father, Mr. Timmons. She was reared in the atmosphere of the stage, her father being a scenic artist of more than ordinary ability, and in this country was engaged for many years at Mrs. Drew's Arch Street theater. When quite young she developed a taste and aptitude for the stage which were noticed by her father, and, in accordance with her wishes, began her instruction for the profession. After long and severe study, during which she appeared as a novice in some minor parts, she made her debut at Mrs. Conway's Park theatre, Brooklyn, her father at that time being engaged there. After a very successful engagement she went to Philadelphia, and appeared at the Arch Street theatre. From Philadelphia she returned to New York, and filled an engagement at Niblo's which has continued for nearly eight years.

After several seasons of alternate work and rest, she was called upon to accompany Lawrence Barrett, who was organizing a company for a tour of the southern cities. Her position in the company was that of leading lady, and her evident talent soon made her well known in that portion of the country.

Her last appearance on the stage was at McVicker's theatre, a few weeks ago, when she volunteered her services for a benefit to her old manager, Mr. Hooley.

Poor Louise Hawthorne! Dead at 29, the brilliant future which stretched before her to remain forever unexplored, and only the memory of a dead past left to those who mourn her.

Sunday School Meeting in Cobb.

All Sunday schools of the county, regardless of sect, are earnestly requested to be represented by two or more delegates to a convention to be held in Marietta on Saturday, 22d day of July, 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of advisement in the premises.

GEO. N. LESTER,
Vice President 7th Con Dist.
J. T. BURKHALTER,
County deputy.

Revive the Drooping Energies.

When the physical energies droop, revive them with the safest and most active of tonics, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By a timely use of this salutary and agreeable medicine you will save yourself from positive disease; for, be assured that the languor and loss of strength and appetite which trouble you is in fact the precursor of some malady of, perhaps, a serious nature. Appetite, tranquility of the nervous system, and pristine vigor, will assure the restored if the Bitters are used systematically and the alimentary disturbance, which in all cases out of ten gives rise to debility and nervousness, be entirely removed. Regularity of the bowels, active biliary secretion, the expulsion of impurities from the blood through the kidneys are also among the beneficient effects of this valuable restorative.

july1—diwswtt,1sp

A million little diamonds
Twinkled on the trees;
And all the little maidens said:
"A jewel if you please!"
But while they held their hands outstretched,
To catch the diamonds gay,
A million little sunbeams came,
And stole them all away.

—St. Nicholas for July.

PLANTS AND PICTURES.

A GLANCE AT THE GOVERNMENTAL AND WOMAN'S EXHIBITS.

CANNON AND NEEDLEWORK.

Department of Fine Arts.

Special correspondence of the Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21, 1876.

I have described, mentioned rather, the contents of the main building and of the great halls devoted to agriculture and machinery. There remain four other principal buildings, and this letter shall include them all, although columns could be devoted to each.

THE GOVERNMENT BUILDING

shall be first. This building is in the form of a Latin cross, and would be called very large, mammoth in fact, if found on any other grounds than those of the centennial exhibition. At an expense approaching a million dollars the government attempts in this building to show what it is capable of in both peace and war, what the aboriginals accomplished and what their pale faced successors are doing. Not only are the various branches of government illustrated, but in many respects the natural wealth of the country is presented. Especially is this the case as to our mineral deposits. Amongst the numerous cases of ores and metals is the large collection of iron ores, iron and coal gathered by Gen. Wilder from the mines in the Chattanooga district; and I did not regret Georgia's absence from the exhibition in no particular so much as in this very section. The iron wealth of Georgia should and could readily have been held up before an astonished world; but it is too late to talk about it now.

Every department of the government makes a fine display—the patent office, which brings, amongst other things, Washington's relics and the original declaration of independence; the census, pensions, education and other bureaus; the post-office department, which makes and stamps envelopes on the spot to sell in the adjoining post office; and the treasury department. The war and navy departments are particularly strong. Bullets and cartridges are made before your eyes by machines brought from the Springfield arsenal, and all kinds of guns are on exhibition, from the Gatling to the enormous 20-inch smooth-bores, and guns used in the turrets of the monitors. There are also a great many guns in the section occupied by the navy department. The outside of the building bristles with them, the balls which they send, when they get down to business, being held up to view, with the weight plainly indicated to make the beholder pause and reflect. The signal and light-house branches are very interesting, and altogether the wayfarer will be apt to spend several profitable hours in the building we are preparing to leave.

THE WOMAN'S PAVILION

is near by. It is a disappointment. It does not represent woman's accomplished work. There is much more scattered through the main building and art galleries to represent female industry and skill. There are some articles of women's and infant's wear in the building, some wax flowers, some drawings and some indifferent pictures. The women of other countries have made a few contributions. A case or so of needlework from royal fingers is included in the English exhibits, and if some of my female friends are good judges, the aforesaid royal fingers are not a success in that branch of industrial art. As a whole the building that women erected, as it were, is unsatisfactory. The exhibits are neither great in number nor superior in quality. Even a woman will quickly "do" this building. If we turn to

HORTICULTURAL HALL

we will again be disappointed, unless our preconceived ideas of it have been extremely moderate. The building itself is beautiful, and it is beautifully located in the handsomest part of the ground, with the Landsdowne valley on the one side and Belmont valley on the other. It stands at the head of Fountain avenue, a wide stretch of lawn that includes a beautiful sunken garden, fountains, and a world of bright flowers and rare shrubs. The arches of glass and warm colors of the crowning palace are at a distance beautiful beyond description, and even near by the building is striking and pleasing. The interior, with its lofty roof of glass and inviting galleries, is also pleasant, but it is neither as large nor as well filled as perhaps you will expect. The central fountain is surrounded by beds that contain tropical plants, and even trees, for what else is the tree fern, which is nearly as handsome as a long stove pipe set in the ground. Here are also a variety of the numerous palm family, and orange, lemon and banana trees. Here, too, is the camphor and India-rubber trees, and many more of the same sort. The conservatories on each side, which are so arranged that the visitor can see their contents without having to plunge into their suffocating depths, contain rare plants from all parts of the world, and the rooms at the end of the building are filled with a bewildering variety of flower pots and other horticultural appliances. But the whole display is not what one would naturally expect at a world's fair, and is quickly seen. It does not equal the gardens and green-houses that the luxurious republican party maintains at Washington, at the people's expense to gratify the whims and desires of the prevailing Belknappery and Babcockery of the reigning dynasty.

When I first reached the grounds an English firm had on exhibition in the adjoining conservatory an "annex," I suppose a wonderful display of rhododendrons, three thousand in number, all in full bloom and all brought from over seas. These plants furnished all the flowers that horticultural hall contained when I first saw it, and they faded and dropped before I came away. Their places will be filled with other collections, and as autumn approaches this will doubtless become a bright feature of the display at the head of Fountain avenue. A view of this building and its contents and surroundings—particularly the latter—prepares us for crossing Landsdowne valley to find

MEMORIAL HALL,

the home of statues and pictures. Approaching it from the main building, near which it is located, the view is not very satisfactory. The building is squatty. All of the buildings are, for that matter, but one is apt to expect that the building which cost $1,500,000 and which was constructed solely of enduring granite, glass and iron to remain as a memorial of the whole exhibition—one naturally expects to find in it architecture that it is interesting if not impressive. It is neither—it is flat and ineffective. Before we get to it two gigantic females burdened with an unusual quantity of flowing robes, engaged in holding back two gigantic granite horses, attract our attention. They are the sentinels of the building, and these able and muscular females are to be pitied in this warm weather, unless like some of the circus clowns they have discarded some of their superfluous clothes. The low towers of the building next appear, and the four-sided dome. The four square towers are chiefly engaged in upholding sixteen defiant specimens of the national bird. I will not undertake to say what the figures on and about the dome represent. Let them pass. We enter the building by broad steps, with vestibules on either hand. Once inside we soon come to the great central hall, where we should rest on one of the ever welcome and convenient benches, preparatory to a leisurely survey of the wealth

OF BEAUTIFUL IDEALS

that fills the halls all about us. There are acres of pictures and statues to be seen, for behind memorial hall is the annex, which is as large as the original building, and all of the numerous apartments are full of appeals in form or color, if good, to our better selves. I know the critics say this part of the exhibition is generally unsatisfactory—that with the sole exception of the English section, daubs are the rule; all of which may be very true; but the man who can not find a picture in nearly every part of the collection that will delight his very soul must be either one who is bound up in formal rules of art or else his worship of the practical has destroyed the esthetic germs that nature implants in every breast. I do not claim that the collection is what it should be. Stupid and uninteresting pictures do congregate in the annex, and even in the principal gallery, but there are pictures everywhere that people like regardless of the critics.

It must be confessed, however, that the English modern rooms do contain more pictures that grow in interest the oftener you return to them and the longer you study them. I frankly admit that after a while I insensibly abandoned the annex to linger before the pictures that were judiciously selected to represent English art. The room devoted to the deceased English masters did not particularly interest me, although it contains Reynolds' portrait of himself, a Gainsborough, a Turner, "The Locke," by Constable, two pictures by West, Frith's "Marriage of the Prince of Wales," etc. Most of these pictures belong to the queen, to the royal academy or to the nobility, and were lent for the purpose of exhibition. In the English modern rooms every picture is a delight which secures whether you will or not a place in your memory, that time will not speedily efface. I shall not name them, for it would amount to a republication of the catalogue. I want you to see them through your own eyes, which can alone fully disclose to you the beautiful thoughts that Englismen have put on canvass or found in marble.

Do not understand me as saying that there are no satisfactory pictures in the other sections. I found two in the German room that I often returned to—one entitled "The Gossips," represents three women listening to another woman who is unfolding a tale that makes the listeners faces wonderfully expressive of a weakness dear to the feminine heart; the other, "Early Trials," represents a young girl starting out with a bundle on her arms to find an opportunity to earn the bread that fortune did not give her. A handkerchief encircles her head, upon one side of which the light shines, and I never did quite convince myself that the handkerchief was not real. I do not know that I tried very hard to destroy the pleasant illusion. The girl's face was perfect, so admirably were anxiety, patient resignation and quiet determination blended. Of the French pictures no one can over look Carolus Duran's life-size portrait of M'lle. Croizette on a horse standing by the sea shore. You do not know which to admire the most—the lady or the horse. The latter is said to be the best horse ever painted by a French artist.

The American pictures include works by all the familiar names—Hill, Bierstadt; the two Geffords, Page, Church, Huntington, John Weir, Eastman Johnson, Huntington and many more, whose works we need not be ashamed of even by the side of the British masterpieces. There are hundreds of unworthy pictures in the vast collection, scattered through every section except the English, but there are also joy-giving exceptions everywhere. A picture that appeals to and satisfies the inmost senses is a good picture, and any man can find his picture; and if no great name is attached to it and if its price is not up in the tens of thousands, he need not be surprised, for the coming men are represented in some of the rooms.

The art galleries of the exhibition should be the dessert after each portion of a day devoted to the substantial and practical. An hour or two can there always be pleasantly spent, resting the mind from a prolonged study of the real and the weary legs on the benches or sofas that thoughtful men have placed in the center of nearly every room. Nothing is more ludicrous or painful, as you happen to feel, than to see a party, who have come in with lunch baskets from the adjacent districts to "do" the whole exhibition in a single day, rushing through the numerous rooms filled with rare works of art, as if they were shot out of a cannon. The large collection cannot be seen in that way. Leisure, peace and joy should prevail there. Given the first, the other two will naturally follow.

F.

EDUCATIONAL.

ADDRESS OF SAM W. SMALL OF ATLANTA, AT LAGRANGE, GA.

The Past, Present and Future Results of Female Education.

Below is presented the text of an address delivered by Mr. Sam W. Small, of the CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, before the junior class of the Southern Female college, LaGrange, Ga., on the 19th of June:

The address is printed, (contrary to our usual custom with such productions,) at the request of numerous friends and participants in the occasion. The address is purely suggestive in its treatment of the subjects named, and for that reason its presentation in this form has been so flatteringly requested.—EDS. CONSTITUTION.]

THE ADDRESS.

Mr. Small, being introduced to the class and audience, said:

Young Ladies, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Out of the heat and dust of the busier pursuits of life we have gathered here in peace to assist in one of the rich festivals which mark the progress of the "learning army." It is one of those rare occasions when the "docti" and the "indocti" reverse positions and the learned sit down to witness and applaud the meritorious exhibitions of the learning throng. As the hours bend under their burden of thoughts, sentiments and fancies it is not proper that I should abuse a flattering privilege and pause here to faintly re-echo the plaudits which have been so generously granted to the graceful performances we have witnessed. To my brief and humble part I address myself, with the hope of your charitable attention.

I trust that I have come to speak no thrasbare eulogy, and that the important matters to which I shall ask your renewed notice, in the processes of my thought, shall have lost none of their magnetism and potential rest to the people. Addressing those who are yet in the mid-morning of their journey over the highway of knowledge, I feel authorized to relegate to the felicitous occasion of a completed curriculum the speculations of couleur-de-rose philosophy, the garlands of Hope's affluent rhetoric, and the libations of fancy upon the altar of the heart's pirations. I may be pardoned for thinking, if I err, that your uncompleted duties with academic walls will prompt you to consider that the best tribute to your intelligence and emulous spirits which is germain and important to your present pursuits. I bring you, however, no forced oration, framed in tedious phrases, but my pleasure will be to direct your mind for your own further investigation to three pertinent ideas of the present age

The first of these is the influence which woman exerts upon the progress of knowledge. Secondly, the demand for a higher education of women. Thirdly, to the end that popular education may become the bulwark of civil liberty and the noblest possession of our nationality.

For centuries untold it has been an idea with the scholars, as well as the populace, that woman has no influence and can produce no effect in the progress of knowledge. History may be appealed to in vain for testimony to the contrary but until recent dates every page of every tome is the witness to this false and dangerous idea. The Greeks in their grandest developments produce the first and most startling example of the fatal disregard with which the mind of the educated world saw the diviner portion of humanity living, working and dying in crude development and pernicious ignorance. Upon all the records of their magnificent culture no where is seen the evidences that would redeem the "cradling nation of the arts and sciences" from this strange sin of omission. From the days when Homer, "the blind old bard of Scio's rocky isle" wrote his immortal epics through four centuries of increasing intelligence and augmenting culture, we have the evidence in Plato's speculations that woman's influence rather declined than gained in attention and respect. The Spartans, ruder and less distinguished in letters and the liberal arts, gave even greater consideration to their women. But neither they nor the Romans after them reached any approximation of that high belief in the mental powers of woman which their national intellectuality suggested. Education was confined to those who were permitted to serve the state—to the masculine mind, which, conjointly with muscle, was developed into the enginery of state-craft, of the forum the theater, and the bloody field of war. To this disregard of woman's claims to education and the highest preparation for the exigencies of life, the best observers of national life and destiny have attributed the decline and fall of those famed republics and splendid empires. Their culture was one-sided and filled up the measure of national requirements in that regard but one-half; the consequence was failure—bleak, dismal, and irredeemable failure.

So we might trace the same cause producing the like effect, in succeeding nations, even under the heavenly inspiration of Christianity, until within a comparatively recent time. The occasion forbids that I should stop even to trace the history of the progress which began feebly and has come to its present stage, when enlightened and Christian people place themselves at the antipode of barbarism and claim that woman with them has reached the enjoyment of her every right and moves in her proper sphere. How much of this result is due to woman's influence? I dare not attempt the division for fear the moiety which would belong to my fellow-men would cause them to hang their heads in mortification.

Woman has been the refiner of the world. Under the silent influence of her ministrations passions have been subdued, appetites restrained, and instincts educated. Her pure heart has found its way into the affairs of life and given to the spirit of man hopes and ambitions beyond the cravings of his unassisted nature. Her hand has pointed the way to conquests in the immaterial world of prouder renown than any that ever perched on Grecian banner or Roman standard. Chivalry took its origin in the silent suggestions of her neglected life and the achievements of knight-errantry were the tributes of a new nobility in man to the gentle influence which warmed it into life. The rider in the tourney began to appreciate his duties better when he first felt more true pride and joy in the riband which a woman's fluttering hand pinned to his helmet's crest than in the shouts and reputation which the rabble gave when he had unhorsed his rival. By ten thousand such effects did her influence conquer its way from toleration to respect, from respect to admiration, from admiration to honor! It is woman's influence which has idealized the world, and brought men to the appreciation of those good things of existence which are not hedged in by the rules of philosophers, neither contained in the license of the epicureans, nor confined by the strong walls of bigotry and fanaticism. Where she leads the scenes are those of purity, virtue, peace chastened ambition, liberality of thought and the promises of higher glories to men and nations. But why emphasize the fact? Because in that fact lies the proof of her influence upon the progress of knowledge. It is the ideal world which figures forth the material universe. The one is prophecy—the other is revelation. The first is the proposition and the other is the proof. The one supplies the genius of discovery—the other becomes the field of the rewarded discoverer. Woman has developed the one, and man the other. The influence of woman is her rising importance expanded the limits of the mind upon the side of the ideal and stimulated the action of those faculties which achieve the highest intellectual triumphs in letters, arts, and sciences. I need not stop to prove. I may illustrate briefly, by reminding you that many of the most important discoveries known to us are claimed to have been produced through the processes of the deductive reasoning which belongs to the ideal world and were not the triumphs of the inductive processes of Baconian philosophy, still lauded by many wise scholars as the only true method of discovery. Science ends in the discovery of truth, we learn, and science ended in truth when one whose sphere was the ideal—the poet, Hauy—discovered the truth upon which is based the important development of crystallography. It was another child of the ideal world, the poet Goethe, who discovered the important fact that the bones of the head are expanded and elaborated vertebræ of the spinal column. It was he, also, who discovered that all the parts of the flower, as disclosed by our botanies, are but successive stages in the development of leaves. So we might multiply the instances which have furnished to the wisest philosophers of the day the proof that the ideal is the true world of discovery and that knowledge is indebted to its people for the longest and most wonderful strides. I only echo greater authorities when I claim that through this channel the influence of woman has acted as one of the most powerful agents in the realm of discovery, and that the sum of human knowledge, minus the treasures due to that influence, would be but a sorry and unsubstantial possession to the world.

A HIGHER EDUCATION.

A grander effect still flowing from this recognition of woman's influence upon the progress of knowledge has manifested itself in our day. It comes in the shape of a demand for the higher education of woman. The best thought of modern civilization begins now to seek the ways and means

"To lift the woman's fallen divinity
Upon an even pedestal with man."

To demand that this should be done is one of "woman's rights," which she is privileged by every interest of common humanity to urge and which it is the special province of no one to deny. The day has gone by when colleges are built for the "lord of creation;" the democracy of mind has stripped him of his prerogative, and closed the book of heraldry. Henceforth it is "the republic of letters" and every woman, as fully as every man, may be a sovereign. When Stephen Vassar, in 1858, consulted the learned Chambers of Edinburgh upon the project to found and endow the great institution which bears his name, and blesses his country, the scholar stood aghast at the proposition. It was a thing not to be thought of! Millions might be spent for the education of men in all the higher walks of knowledge, but not one cent for their sisters! But Vassar had been touched with fire from the altar of the ideal world and he went on without the encouragement of the scholars. He founded the noblest institution ever reared for man, and opened it to woman, and from that auspicious day, eleven years ago, the result has justified his every ideal prospect. Could I have dictated the inscription upon his corner-stone, I would have graven his name in letters of gold and borrowed from the tomb of the builder of St. Paul's the legend—"*si monumentum quæris—circumspice!*" And here I digress to refer with pride to the historical fact that Georgia—first in many other glorious achievements of the nation—gave to Americans the pioneer female college upon the Western Continent. She has since multiplied them with honor and profit to the people and nation. Woman demands a higher education, especially in a land of liberty, where her offices are those of patriot as well as domestic queen. She is demanding it, as our crowded colleges testify, and as these significant occasions prove. Her mind is able to reach it, her aspirations encompass it, her proper sphere furnishes a field for its employment and the truest interests of our Christianity and our nationality are in need of it. And here it may be proper to add that "higher education" does not mean "higher accomplishments," as commonly understood. That man is not reputed to be highly educated who can merely, with parrot-tongue, glide over the contents of the curriculum he pursued at college. Nor is he highly educated who can trace the course of history, the progress of literature, and the developments of science, without knowing the facts and philosophy of any one of them, or is unable to make practical use of them in life. Nor is that man highly educated who can paint an Italian sunset, or copy the "Beatrice Cenci," with prodigality of crimson, chrome and burnt umber. Nor is that man highly educated who can draw from the violin a sweetness of tones that reminds us of Paganini, or evolves from the strung harp of a piano the brilliant variations of a Rubinstein. Nor is that man highly educated who knows books, and only books, who can speak a speech and only a speech, who can write and only write words, who can build verses and inhabit them with no poetical idea. Nor would a woman be highly educated who could do all these things. Knowledge is that which makes man and women powerful for the exigencies and issues of life; knowledge is the result of education and that education which does not end in potential knowledge, in some degree, is a fraud and a waste of energies. Higher education for woman means the higher development of her mental powers, as she may seek it, until every portion of the circle may be within her horizon and her triumphs may be worn as great honor and as much fame as those which man may compass.

POPULAR EDUCATION.

In this higher education of women the nation foresees the richest guaranty of future prosperity and stability. Virtue and intelligence are the pillars of Juchin and Boaz in the temple of liberties. Citizenship carries the grave patriotic responsibilities and no man is well fitted to discharge those duties with the greatest benefit to himself and his country who neither performs them virtuously nor intelligently. Woman is the agent who is destined to give to this grandest republic of all time the noblest race of citizens. Present evils do not obscure the coming glory. When woman, the citizen-maker, rears her children under the influence of her own educated mind she will give to her country citizens of the highest stature. Cornelia's jewels will be found in every household and the mothers of the republic will be the most honored guardians of the palladium of liberty. When America shall have passed into the control of a majority, always increasing, of men reared by mothers whose minds are rich in the treasures of knowledge, of men who are united to wives who feel their mental equality with their husbands, and thereby become their best advisers and friends, by men whose sisters have traveled with them in all the ways of knowledge to the point where duty divides their company, then will the star of empire and civilization find the zenith of its western goal above us, and the nation have "no Gibeon whereon the sun of her glory shall stand still—no valley of Ajalon over which the moon of her beauty shall be bracelet of the world with its greatest pearl!

To these and their kindred thoughts let your minds be directed, young ladies, and you will pass with your employment here to those classic halls to the stature and dignity of highly educated American women. What grander title could you crave? Though you may not have the ballot, though you may not shake the pillars of the Senate house with your eloquence, though you may not discuss political questions on the hustings, you will be guardians of the highest interests, champions of the richest values, Americans

New Advertisements.

An Explanation.

To the Proprietors of the Atlanta Constitution:

GENTLEMEN—In your advertising columns I find two articles both of which bear a scandalous and libelous attack against me, and as an act of justice, if not of professed friendship, I wish you to allow me to make a short explanation to the many readers of your valuable paper.

Although unnecessary to those of your readers, who have come in contact with me, either professionally, or socially, to repudiate the filthy and libelous charges in those two articles. It is to the many readers who do not know me that I wish to vindicate myself.

I entered DR. SHERMAN'S services, as his assistant, in 1866, and, with the exception of one year, continued in that capacity until the 6th of May, 1876, and I can easily prove by the citizens of Atlanta who availed themselves of my services, as such, in Dr. Sherman's office in New York, as well as prove by them that I use the same method as used by him, in every respect, shape and form, having the proper authority to do so.

The brag in regard to my charges I can also easily prove to be a falsehood, and that the articles which he offers to send for $20 to be trash, only manufactured to throw dust in the sufferers' eyes.

I cannot send my Curatives, as each instrument has to be made and adapted to meet the nature and character of the case as I find it on personal examination.

On my return to

ATLANTA,

which will be next Fall, I will give all necessary proofs to vindicate my character, and my numerous patients will, no doubt, cheerfully assist me. Until then I must request your readers to suspend their judgment.

W. G. CREMPIEN,
former assistant of Dr. Sherman.

P. S.—I have already taken the necessary steps to proceed legal against this atrocious and malicious assault.

DR. CREMPIEN'S
RUPT

...per and County, published by authority.

...Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Duties Exhaustion.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKER.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale.

Address W. A. HEMPHILL & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
june2—dtf

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

Probabilities:—For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, southerly winds, stationary or slowly falling temperature and continued warmer weather will prevail.

Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, partly cloudy rainy weather, with southerly to westerly winds and higher temperature.

Middle States, southeast to southwest winds, slight changes in temperature and possibly lower pressure, cloudy weather with local rains.

AN editorial upon the St. Louis convention is left over.

WE have a number of jokes on the party returning from St. Louis yesterday. Shall we publish them?

O RESTFUL Sabbath! On this day is vouchsafed a foretaste of the peace and rest of a better world, if only man will take the Sabbath as God intends it.

ON our local page we give a pretty full account of the grand ratification last night over the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks. Atlanta sends greeting to the democracy of the union.

WE publish elsewhere a full account of the sad death by suicide at Dalton. There is something peculiarly touching in the sadness yet severity pervading the last words of the self doomed young lady. The publication of her letters, showing as they do her state of mind and reasons for the act, will afford some little relief to her afflicted friends and a sympathizing public.

OUR NEW STORY.

In next Sunday's issue we shall begin the publication of a new serial by the author of "Annie Sinclair" and "Kate Hamilton." It is entitled "CORISANDE, the Blind Beggar's Daughter."

WHAT THE SOUTH SEES.

Until the present campaign is done with—until the great political battle of the year is fought and won—the rabid partisan journals of the north will be filled with the wildest charges against the patriotic fidelity of the south to the principles which make up our political union. We need not be surprised when we see northern journals stating as solemnly as though they believed it true that the south desires the success of the democratic nominees because such success would give them control of the government and they would again be enabled to rule the nation through its highest counsels. It will be most plausibly told to the ignorant and bigoted voter of the northern states that the south is inimical to free government and that it is now a contest between the time devotees to republican faith and the old time aristocracy of the south. We shall see it blazoned to the unreasoning mob that social slavery for the poor will be the result of democratic success, and that the lines of false social and political distinctions will be drawn between classes in the country.

In the emergency, confronting a known unscrupulous enemy, opposing all the abhorrence and contemptible bigotry of opinion that the continent has known since the days of Salem witchcraft, we shall we say. It will be our mission to oppose the sword of truth and the arguments of a sincere political faith to such base methods of warfare. The south is now called upon to exhibit the grandest qualities known to human character and to combat ignorance and fanaticism with cool discretion, good judgment and the unquestioned honesty of patriots who love their country.

Under such circumstances it may be proper to begin the work of disabusing honest minds of false impressions at once. The south sees a prospect and desires an opportunity for none of those things to which we have alluded. What the south sees in the success of the democracy the coming fall is first a restoration of civil liberty. The sword has ruled too long. It is high time that the forces of civil authority should resume their precedence over the sword of arbitrary power in our government. The people have awakened to the fact that slow encroachments of absolute power over the instruments of acceptable popular government have gone too far already in this county. The south sees in the restitution of civil liberty, therefore, no more than equal rights to all men and equal justice to every citizen. Civil liberty means the extreme opposite of sectional antagonism and therefore it becomes the most desired object of every true southern patriot.

Free government of the people and by the people more particularly in their local concerns is the great desire and necessity of the southern people today. In the prevalence of such democratic rights the north is not prejudiced more than the south. Indeed it is the south alone which in the progress of an hundred years is enabled to complain of a deprivation of those rights. Such rights under our form of government compose the substance of our liberties and to deprive north or south, east or west, of them is to make bondmen of the entire constituency. What the south seeks in democratic victory is the restoration of the right of local self-government.

The issues which received their last arbitrament in the results of the late civil war were the only ones which our national existence had to fear. They are now settled beyond the possibility of a reconsideration through the actions of any one or more sections of this union. Indeed, that the United States of America must stand or fall as such is the understanding of the world. Then the south is slandered when it is charged that her actions in any of the political contests of our times are the fore-runners of treachery. The truth is that in the success of democracy she sees the only hope of that union which the fathers contemplated, and in seeking it she becomes the union section of the country. What she sees and seeks in democratic success is the perpetuity and success of the republic and not its dissolution and destruction.

OFF TO THE FIELDS.

Again the joyful respite of the school children has come to bless them with its pleasures, its opportunities for profitable observations and recuperative pursuits. On Friday "The boy stood on the burning deck" for the last time until September breezes come, while for a two months spell the "little star" will "twinkle, twinkle, up above the world so far" without a single youthful apostrophe. Notwithstanding the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks and the close approach of the fourth of July neither will "Freedom from her mountain height unfurl her standard to the air" Hope, Memory, Love, or any other faculty of the human mind will be saved those wonderful philosophical diagnoses accorded by composition-writers at the primary schools, but will be given free rein in the mind-arena. In fact, vacation has come and, miserable is that man who knows not its joys and sympathizes not with its beneficiaries. Happy children and pleasant season! We commend the little ones to the choicest gratifications of pure hearts and chastened desires.

Our schools have been open during the year to the youth of the city and it must have been a pleasing spectacle to those who are liberal and patriotic enough to stand by the cause of popular education when they witnessed last week the progress and the triumphs of the last ten months' term more proficiency in studies, greater aptitude in learning and apter facility for accomplishment could hardly have been desired. The scholars of our public schools do honor to the municipality and the general good of the community has been largely augmented in volume by the instructions of the year. Our teachers are of high-class in abilities and rich in culture and their labors have received a rich reward in the exhibits of the week.

How dear a word to the weary student, young or old, is that word "Vacation!" We always welcome its coming, since it is a fitting reward to the young laborers, a necessary season of rest and recuperation to the mind and particularly because it is that royal time of human existence when nature has free license and does as it pleases. The children are tired and panting for fresh air, new scenes and other recreations. Let them be off to the fields. Let them go away into the country where schoolhouses are mortally scarce, where pale-cheeked teachers are replaced by red-faced brawny-armed professors of horsemanship and anglership and where "sermons in stones and books in running brooks" are found in rich and varied abundance. In the spirit of the season we bid the children much joy and safe returns to bench and blackboard.

Carl Schurz on the Situation.

Telegram to the Constitution.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—The following is a part of an editorial published to-day in the Westliche Post, the newspaper with which Carl Schurz is connected: "Tilden and Hendricks. So reads the democratic ticket for the presidency. It is an utter impossibility to compress within the space of four sylables an act more perfidious to all principle, for who or whatever the name of Tilden may be or imply, he is made to be, and means that he is the open representative of the very opposite of that miserable policy of which, as the stubborn spokesman for years, Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, has been made so notorious. We wish to emphasize the fact that Hendricks is one of the most prominent leaders and loudest of spokesmen of paper swindlers, and as such was then a candidate for the first place on the democratic ticket, but he now has been put off with the second place. Humbug, thy name is democratic gold and paper contraction and inflation, reform and swindle. Let us have it all. Hard money men of sense will be found too in this absurd chorus. Evidently the nomination of Hendricks was a matter concocted beforehand—a bargain and sale, bare of all honor and full of shame—a blow in the very face of those who saw in Tilden the embodiment of honest reform. For the time being there is an end to all honest reform on the democratic side and the truly independent citizens of the country who do not believe that they can serve two masters will have to look in another direction and center their hopes elsewhere.

A Surgical Operation.

Conyers Courier.

Dr. J. P. Rosser performed a surgical operation yesterday, of a rather difficult and interesting character. The patient was from Social Circle, and he was suffering from caries and cancer on the middle finger of one of his hands. Dr. Rosser amputated this finger by making an incision in the shape of a V in the patient's hand, extending nearly up to the wrist joint. The separated parts were then joined together in a manner both neat and skillful, so as to make a narrow hand. When healed the hand will hardly show a trace of the severe manipulation it has undergone, and will be as useful as ever to its owner.

A House Divided Against Itself.

Telegram to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, July 1.—A Trenton despatch reports the killing of A. House, a noted divorce lawyer of this city, by his wife at Lawrence Station yesterday. It seems that House had beaten his step-son and wife, and was drawing a pistol on the latter, when she shot him with a pistol she had obtained from her bed-room.

...ALTON SUICIDE.

...RTICULARS OF THE SAD EVENT.

Was the Cause Hereditary Insanity?

The Letters Written by the Young Lady Before Her Death.

No One to Blame, but a Bruised Spirit Seeking Rest.

She Hopes Hereafter to be the Guardian Angel of a Loved One.

Telegraph and mail to the Constitution.

We are able to give this morning additional and full particulars of the tragic end of a beautiful young lady, who, wearying of this world, sought for "peace and rest" in another. We trust she has not been disappointed, and we can scarcely regard the act of suicide as a sane one, at least in her case. The calm deliberation, the surest self-assurance of after peace, the peaceful and forgiving frame of mind, lead us to think, in connection with the fact of her mother's similar death, that insanity of some kind was the immediate cause. Her letters are most interesting and at times pathetic.

THE PARTICULARS.

DALTON, Ga., June 30, 1876.

Editors Constitution: You were wired of the death of Miss Annie Wells, daugheer of B. E. Wells, Esq. I now send you the details so far as they can be gathered.

When the fatal shot was fired, no one was at the house of Mr T L Reynolds, the brother-in-law of Miss Wells. Mrs Reynolds was out calling and Mr. Reynolds was up town. Mr. Reynolds came home at 6:00 o'clock and finding none below went up stairs, presuming that he would find them up stairs. Miss Annie was first seen by him

LYING ON THE FLOOR,

the pistol beside her—the fair face covered with blood. He went for his wife and gave the sad news to her as gently as possible, but it was almost enough to crush her. All was there too late as she had evidently died—before she was seen—no one heard the pistol shot. She left a note saying in substance that she died by her own hand and none were to blame but herself, and that she had now found that peace which she so long desired, etc.

She had evidently meditated the act as during the afternoon she dressed herself neatly, even to the minutest details of the toilet.

She was a

BEAUTIFUL, YOUNG LADY

nineteen or twenty years old, sweet and attractive, popular in society, highly respected and greatly esteemed.

No reason, other than that given by herself, can be assigned. Her mother died by her own hand some years ago.

Special to the Constitution.

DALTON, GA., July 1, 1876.

Below, find a copy of a letter written by Miss Annie Wells before shooting herself last evening:

"I hope that ere these last lines of mine are read, I will find what I have long sought for in rest and peace. I die by my own hand, but die at peace with the world, and I hope with my God. I leave my forgiveness to all who think they need it, although I am aware I have sinned more than I have been sinned against. I solemnly swear that no person or persons are ever indirectly the cause of my taking this step. For every act I have done, I have suffered too much not to believe I will some day gain sight of heaven. Let no one see me after it all is over. Let it be as quietly as possible. I know you will grieve awhile and remember me at my best, but I am saving you from a great deal of anxiety. Give my ring back to Ed with my best love, and tell him if I am ever purified of my many sins I will be his guardian angel and he must think of that always. When I think of our dear father I am almost tempted to resign my purpose, and in leaving him I love him better than I ever did. Rosa must supply my place with Henry, and I am happy to know that it will be done so well. To Lucy I leave my love and any little trifle she may value for my sake. Let Emma have the little cross you once gave me, and tell her she will be rewarded, I know, for all her kindness to us when we so little deserved it. Lyman and Tom must not be forgotten—my devoted love to them. Remember me at my best, and forget that I have ever been unworthy of your kindest love. Good-bye, forever.

ANNIE."

SECOND LETTER.

DALTON, GA, July 1, 1876.

Below you will find a copy of another letter found in Miss Wells' hand after her death:

"No person or persons are even indirectly the cause of my taking this step. I want to find what I have long sought for—rest and peace. I want every one to forgive me for all the misery and anxiety I have occasioned them and to always remember me at my best. Although the Bible says "No self murderer shall enter heaven," I die hoping that all I have suffered on earth will partly atone for this act. I die without fear, humbly hoping the Savior will complete my atonement. Good bye forever.

ANNIE.

May we not hope that the sweet spirit gone has found rest, that perfect rest for which all human beings yearn but never find on earth.

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

The Ball Opened—Flags, Banners, Transparencies, and Patriotic Speeches.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—The city is all excitement to-day. Flags, banners and transparencies are flying from every building in profusion; and the streets were thronged with people. Independence Hall and square was made the centre attraction, where the centennial anniversary of the resolution declaring the colonies free passed the Centennial Congress July 2d, 1776, is being celebrated. Ceremonies opened at eleven o'clock by the reception of authors in the national museum, who had been invited to prepare the memoir of some distinguished person prominently identified with the resolution and deposit them in the archives. The authors were received by ladies composing the board of managers of the national museum.

After an exchange of courtesies the guests were escorted to the Independence chamber and welcomed by the mayor.

Col. Frank M. Eting, chairman of the committee on the restoration of Independence hall, then addressed the assemblage. After which prayer was offered by Rev. Wm. Whitkers. The centennial hymn was sung by a chorus of fifty voices. The roll was called and the memoirs presented and laid on the table. In the hall, this concluded the ceremonies, and the company was escorted to the stand in Independence square. About 3,000 persons were upon the stand, and fully 5,000 in the square during the ceromonies, which were opened by an address by John W Wallace, president of the historical society of Pennsylvania.

Addresses were delivered by W. V. McKeon of this city, Hon. L. Salstonstall, of Massachusetts; Gov. Henry Lippert, of Rhode Island; Ex-Gov. Dix, of New York; Hon. B. H. Brewster, of Philadelphia; Hon. L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, and others.

The exercises were interposed with vocal and instrumental music, which was well rendered.

The ceremonies were still in progress at 2:30 o'clock. Special services for the occasion will be held in the churches of all denominations to-morrow.

The Independents.

Telegram to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The national executive committee of the independent party will meet at Philadelphia on Monday the 3d, prox. The committee will probably postpone the announced ratification meeting that was to be held on the fourth of July to a later date.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 1.—Memphis democrats second Mississippi district nominated Van H. Manning, for Congress.

THE CONVENTION!

ELECTION OF DELEGATES YESTERDAY.

Randolph, Glynn, and Liberty Counties for Colquitt.

Special to the Constitution.

RANDOLPH.

CUTHBERT, GA., July 1.

A large and enthusiastic county meeting held here to-day, when Arthur Hood, C. W. Jones, J. T. Flewellen, Wm. M. Tumlin, J. P. Sawtell and others were appointed delegates. A resolution was adopted that while we recognize the claims of the many distinguished sons of Georgia who have been suggested as suitable candidates for Governor and we hereby pledge our zealous and cordial support for any one the convention may select as a nominee. We instruct our delegates to vote for Gen. A. H. Colquitt, the fine and incorruptible citizen, the gallant soldier and devoted patriot.

GLYNN AND LIBERTY.

JESUP, GA., July 1.

Glynn county held a meeting to-day; Liberty county held one yesterday. Both declared for Colquitt.

A. B. C.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A Squabble Over Pinchback's Pay

Telegram to the Constitution.

SENATE

WASHINGTON, July 1.—A conference committee was appointed on the silver bill.

MR. MITCHELL called up the special order for paying Pinchback's per diem and mileage during his contest.

MR. MITCHELL asked why the three other contestants were not included in the resolution.

MR. WITHERS favored the incorporation.

MR. SYKES said he was tired of this discrimination against white men, he had had enough of it.

MR. WITHERS says whether the senate had enough of it or not, it mattered little to him.

MR. WHYTE said Gov. Thomas of Maryland had contested for his seat a year, and received neither pay nor mileage.

MR. WEST and ALCORN advocated payment.

After further discussion the resolution was set aside.

The senate proceed to consider sundry civil appropriation bills.

An amendment to strike off of the house bill the provision that the maximum rates of compensation of United States marshals from and after July 1, shall not exceed $500 a year, and forbidding marshals issuing any bills to witnesses, jurors and others; also forbidding the payment of such, due by any department of the government; and further providing that marshals shall not hereafter receive mileage while traveling on official business but necessary traveling expenses only. The bill with amendments passed.

HOUSE.

A resolution allowing wages to employees while visiting the centennial was rejected.

Pinchback's resolution comes up Monday as unfinished business.

The senate amendments to the bill forfeiting certain lands granted to the Kansas and Galveston railroad were concurred in. A conference committee was ordered.

The senate bill exempting vessels navigating in the Mississippi and its tributaries above New Orleans from entrance and clearance, passed.

The charges against Judge Humphreys were referred to a special committee.

The bill appropriating $150,000 for furnishing Indians with supplies immediately needed, passed.

MR. HOPKINS, from the committee on the centennial celebration reported a joint resolution providing that the two houses of congress meet in joint convention at Independence Hall, in Philadelphia, on the 4th of July, at 9 a. m., for the purpose of passing appropriate resolutions in commemoration of the great event which in that same hall, one hundred years ago, brought this nation into being. Passed.

Adjourned to Monday.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Despatches From Various Quarters.

Telegram to the Constitution.

LONDON, July 1.—The Telegraph's Berlin special says that the prince of Montenegro has solemnly engaged to remain neutral on Servia.

Special despatches to the Post from Berlin says, that Count Von Arnim has arrived at Carlsbad. He is being closely watched by the Prussian detectives.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 1.—The Porte has received a letter from Servia, announcing that M. Christi's diplomatic mission has been countermanded.

PARIS, July 1.—The Budget commission has suppressed the pensions of invalidated functuaries of the empire.

EDINBURG, July 1.—The Scottman's London correspondent in a dispatch to that paper says: I am able to confirm the rumor that there have been differences of opinions in the cabinet on the eastern question. Lord Derby more than once very strongly opposed the views of several of his colleagues.

LONDON, July 1.—A special dispatch from Vienna to the Standard says Prince Milan in his proclamation says Turkey has provoked war by not satisfying Bosnia, and by threatening Servia; we enter Bosnia in the cause of humanity and to re-establish peace without offending Turkey's integrity. The proclamation mentions Austria thankfully for her efforts to protect the christians.

French Affairs.

Telegram to the Constitution.

PARIS, July 1.—It has now been decided that the consideration of the municipal question shall be postponed until next session. The question has been threatening to bring defeat to the ministry in the chamber of deputies, the ministry claiming larger power in appointing the Maires than the republicans were willing to concede.

Lured from Home.

Macon Telegraph.

A day or two ago the mayor received a dispatch from Forsyth, asking him whether or not a white girl, about sixteen years of age, barefooted and plainly dressed, had applied to him for a pass to Columbus. The message was handed to the chief of police, who immediately set about having the case worked up. He very soon ascertained that a girl, answering precisely the description, had been seen in the city, and was still believed to be here, but all efforts made during the day failed to reveal her whereabouts.

The father of the girl reached Macon on the evening train, and proceeded at once to the residence of the chief, impatient to hear tidings of his daughter. He passed the Dixie Works just as the night watchman was going on duty. The distressed parent told the watchman his mission to the city, and having described the girl, the watchman astonished the father by telling him that the girl was at his house. It is hardly necessary to state that no time was lost in going thither, and the father was rewarded by really finding his girl.

It seems that the girl has not been subjected to the gentlest treatment at home, and has been forced away from maidenly employments and compelled to work in the fields along side of negroes. A negro woman who worked with her, cajoled her into abandoning her home by holding out such temptations as the girl was powerless to resist. The wench showed her the wrong she suffered in being compelled to work in the field with common negro farm laborers, and that an easier and more brilliant life was open to a young and handsome white girl.

By such talk as this the woman persuaded the girl to abandon her home, and the two left together. They started toward Macon, but after coming a considerable portion of the way, the woman went back. The girl, however, came on, and for a day or two before her father came, wandered about the streets, at a loss what to do with herself, but disinclined to go home.

Was It a Suicide?

Elberton Gazette.

A youth named John Clay was sitting on the edge of an old, unused well on the premises of Mr. Clark Mattox, on Sunday morning last, conversing with several others, when he arose from his seat, and seemed to be in the act of stretching himself, when he was apparently seized with vertigo and fell over into the well, being precipitated a distance of forty feet, falling on rocks at the bottom, and crushing his skull and causing instant death. The body was recovered almost instantly, and the brain was found oozing from the head.

There are those who believe, from occurrences prior to this occasion, and from remarks made at the well by this unfortunate man, that it was no accident that caused his death, but was deliberate self destruction; and further, that he could not possibly have fallen into the well without striking against some boards which partly covered it; that the seeming act of stretching was only to cover his eyes, and that he deliberately stooped for the dreadful lean.

The deceased was from the vicinity of Calhoun's mills, Abbeville district, S. C., and had been in Elbert county for several months. He was about eighteen years old, of steady habits, and was a member of the order of Good Templars.

New York Items.

Telegram to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Both the Metropolitan insurance company and the Metropolitan Life insurance company deny that J. Francisco, insurance agent, has defrauded them of a large amount of money.

Four children, Kate, James, Larry and Franklin Avoney, aged respectively nine, seven, five and three years, were found to-day starving in a Washington street tenement house. Their father is dead, and their mother was arrested Monday and sent to jail for assault and battery. They were taken in charge by the society for the prevention of cruelty to children.

Crop Notes.

—Newnan Herald: Mr. F. Y. Brown, of this county, made one hundred and fifteen bushels of rust proof oats from one acre of land.

—LaGrange Reporter: The corn crop in this county is good, and the prospect better than it has been for years. If good rains come within the next two weeks, the crop will be made, and Troup will be better off than it has been since 1865. Grass-hoppers have appeared in such numbers on the farms of Col. J. H. Fannin and Mr. J. O. Pitts, about two miles southwest of LaGrange, as to excite fears that the plague of the northwest will be upon us this summer. They are hatched out in the wheat fields and go from there to the adjoining fields for their food. They attack cotton and corn—the wheat being all cut affords no food. The cotton they strip entirely of its leaves, and they eat the tender part of the corn blades, leaving nothing but the hard rib in the center. They are supposed to be about half grown, being about an inch and a quarter long and as yet without wings. When they get grown there is no telling what damage they will do.

Funeral Notices.

SCHENCK—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. E. E Schenck are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their daughter-Mary Elizabeth, from St. Paul's Church, on Hunter street, at 9 o'clock, this a m.

RHEA—Died, this morning at 7 o'clock, Mrs. C. C, wife of Doct. John Rhea.

Funeral service will take place at the residence of the latter, at the corner of Markham and Mangum streets, this morning at 9 o'clock.

July 2, 1876.

New Advertisements.

Assignee's Sale.

ON Tuesday, 25th day of July, 1876, at the Warehouse of Hurt, Blount & Co., the following goods to-wit:

39 cases Spices,
29 cases Coffee,
69 cases Baking Powders,
43 cases Mustard,
9 buckets Coffee,
2 caddies Coffee,
4 buckets fine cut Tobacco,
97 boxes Bonanza Prize Candy.

Also, boxes Candy,
New Lard Cans,
Vinegar,
Soap,
Tea,
Mackerel,
Syrup, &c., &c.

All belonging to the estate of West, Edwards & Co., Bankrupts. JAMES T. FRANCIS, Jr., GREEN B. DODD,
june25—dsun&july25 Assignees.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,
ATLANTA, GA., July 1st, 1876.

Dividend Notice.

THE Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. out of the earnings for the last three months, payable to stockholders on demand. Also, an interest dividend to Saving Depositors at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. Also, $1,000 carried to Surplus Fund.
july2—d1t W. W. BELL, Cashier.

Ice! Ice! Ice!

WILL be sold in Atlanta, the balance of the season, at reduced prices, by Macon Factory, from their Depot in Cunningham's Warehouse, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, fronting Central Railroad track.
Dealers furnished. july2—d3t

Official Drawing
OF THE
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the Benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.
Evening Supplementary, Class 314 July 1, 1876.

9	65	8	18	43	16	17	33	3	58	35	54	21

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 1st day of July, 1876. E. S. MORRIS, Manager.
july2—dtf

S. B. SPENCER. W. A. SPENCER.
SPENCER & SPENCER,
Attorneys at Law.
OFFICE, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, Lynch building. All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and undivided attention.
Atlanta, Feb. 19, 1876—feb20-dsuntf

Fulton Sheriff's Sale

WILL BE SOLD before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in July, next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A lot of Liquors, consisting of Whiskies, Brandies, Wines, Ales, &c. Levied on as the property of A. M. Turner and Mary Turner, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Wm. Rich vs. A. M. and Mary Turner
A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.
june29—dthur,fri&sun

RUPTURE

Dr. J. A SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling imitation appliances and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G. Crampton, was arrested in Pennsylvania for calling himself Doctor. The game is to exact $30 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspecting, while Dr. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliance and Curative Compound is reduced to $20 00. Office, Park Row and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK. See extended expose on first page. Books, with Photographic likenesses of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.
june24—d&wlme,bkp,n,f,r,m

New Advertisements.

You Will Be Double-Taxed

UNLESS you return your
STATE AND COUNTY T...
immediately. The state and county books, now open at the City Hall, will be closed a few days and all persons who fail to return their names whether they have property or not will be double-taxed. ALL EXEMPTIONS HAVE BEEN REPEALED, and every species of property now taxable, including FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, MERCHANDISE, MILLINERY, TOOLS, LIVE STOCK, VEHICLES, MONEY AND NOTES; and upon all persons who fail to make a return whether they have property or not, the Receiver will, in accordance with the law, ASSESS A DOUBLE TAX based upon the best information he can obtain. EVERY MALE PERSON between the ages of 21 and 60 WITHOUT EXCEPTION must return a tax or be doubled taxed.

A. B. GRIER,
july2-3t Tax Receiver Fulton Co.

City License
—AND—
QUARTERLY SALES!

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., July ...76.

EACH and every firm or person engaged in any business, calling or profession, of any kind character or description, within the corporate limits of the City of Atlanta, are hereby notified to take their license for the same expired on the 30th day of June, 1876. All who expect to continue so are hereby notified to come to my office in the City Hall, and renew the same: all failing to do so by the 20th day of July, 1876, will have fi fas issued against them, and the same placed in the hands of the marshal for collection.

Also, insurance agents, auctioneers, all merchants selling goods on commission, and all other persons engaged in any business within the corporate limits of this city, are required by the tax ordinance to make a return of the gross sales or receipts and pay the tax on the same, are hereby notified to come to my office and make their returns, and pay the tax on the same for the second quarter, including the months of April, May and June. Office hours 7½ to 12 o'clock a m and 2 till 6 p m. FRANK T. RYAN,
july2d1w City Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of W. H. Parkins, Architect, for Brick Work per M., Granite Work and Iron Work, SATURDAY, July 1st, until 4 p. m., and for the Carpenters' Work, until WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1876, 6 o'clock p. m., for the building on the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets.

Brick and Lime to be furnished by the owner. Also, the Framing Lumber and Dried Flooring.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Architect on and after Wednesday morning next.

The owner reserves the right to reject any or all bids. WM. D. GRAY.
june26—deod&5thjuly

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for August.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia on the first Tuesday in August, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, fronting Neal on Spring street 84 feet, and running back east along Simpson street 100 feet, being bounded on the north by Simpson street, and west Spring street. Said tract of land being part of land lot No 78, in the 14th district originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of T W Bidgood and Lean H. Bidgood, by virtue of and to satisfy five fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1023d district G. M., in favor of John Neal vs T W Bidgood and Lean H. Bidgood. Levies made by R Thompson, T. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on the north east corner of a block known as Ellis' addition, fronting fifty feet on Fort street in the fourth ward of said city and extending back along Houston street, same width, one hundred and fifty feet (it being a corner lot) being part of land lot No. 52 in the tourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of W. D. Ellis by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1284th district, G. M., one in favor of Banks & Dorsey, and one in favor of A. C. & B. F. Wyly, each against W. D. Ellis; also to satisfy a state and county tax fi fa against W. D. Ellis for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place a part of land lot No 15 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. commencing at the northwest corner of said land lot No 15, running east along the north line of said lot to the width of the common road leading by Durand's mill, thence southwesterly along the middle of said road to a stake, along the west line of said lot, thence along the west line to the beginning, containing thirty acres more or less. Said land being vacant at date of levy, August 2, 1869. Levied on as the property of James T. Lewis by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Inferior court in favor of Cicero H Chandler vs. James T Lewis, maker, and Thomas M Clark, endorser. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state of Georgia, fronting on the south side of Idlewild street, 57 feet immediately west of W J Clarke's lot and running back on a straight line fronting Mitchell street 81 feet on the southeastern side, thence running in a parallel line with the front 125 feet; thence running on a diagonal line 19 feet to an alley ten feet wide, thence running on a straight line toward Mitchell street to a point 28 feet from front, thence on a parallel line with the front 21 feet, and thence on a straight line toward Mitchell street 26 feet, adjoining McArthur's property, and being part of land lot No 77 of the 14th district originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of John F Ross by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Lizzie B Gafford vs John F Ross. Property pointed out in mortgage fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place all that lot or parcel of land in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, known and distinguished in the plan of said district as part of land lot No 101 and bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of said lot, thence west to the railroad, thence to the first branch west, thence down said branch until it will include eighty-one acres of said lot. Levied on as the property of George Edwards by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Ellsworth vs George Edwards. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, three city lots Nos. 12, 14 and 16, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and all improvements thereon, said lots front 60 feet more or less, on Alabama street, and run back on Broad street 100 feet more or less, said property is known as the Atlanta News association office. Levied on as the property of Emily Roberts, by virtue of and to satisfy three fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of Stephens & Fiyan vs Emily Roberts. Levies made by Frank D Little, L C, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain house and lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on Tan Yard Alley leading from Peachtree street to Tan Yard, and now occupied by defendant, containing one half of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of W B B Richards, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Collier and P L Mynatt vs W B B Richards. Property pointed out in fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, the following several tracts of land situated lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in Fulton county, and State of Georgia and known and distinguished in the plan of city of Atlanta, as the following described lots: First—A lot or moiety of lot, known as No 128, fronting 112 feet on Marietta street and running back 200 feet, and is computed to contain one-half acre, more or less. Second—A small fraction of land in the rear of said lot No. 128 and extends back to the street originally known as Grubb street, the same width as the front part of lot or part of lot of Nos. above described, to-wit: 112 feet, and also a part of city lot No. 126, as follows: bounded commencing at the northwest corner of lot No. 128, and extending along the front line of said lot No. 128 on the line of the street about 71 feet to a stake about two feet north of a big cashence in an easterly direction about 160 feet to a fence post and stake on the line of 128, there along the line of said lot to the beginning. Third—A fractional part of said lot No. 126 containing 60 feet on Marietta street and running back in a triangular line to a post on said No. 128, being a part of said lot No. 78, being the house and premises where B. H. Thrasher lived on the 16th of August, 1874. All levied on as the property of B. H. Thrasher and A. M. Thrasher, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior Court in favor of C. Davis vs. B. H. Thrasher and A. M. Thrasher. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys and sold for the purpose of money.

Also at the same time and place, two city lots in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., being part of land lot No. 45 in the fourteenth district of said county, being lots No. 21 and 22 of the subdivision of the Pittard property, lot No. 22 fronting forty nine feet on Decatur street and running back along Rock Mill street said width one hundred and two feet, and lot No. 21 fronting on Decatur street forty nine feet and running back same width one hundred and twenty feet, bounded west by lot No. 22 aforesaid; east by lot No. 20, levied on as the property of Sallie M. and Michael Pittard by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Justice court of the 1284th district G M in favor of W. C. Lawho vs Sallie M. and Richard Gerald. Levies made by J. D. Fagan, L. C., and handed to me.
A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.

Funeral Notices.

SCHENCK—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. E. E Schenck are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their daughter-Mary Elizabeth, from St. Paul's Church, on Hunter street, at 9 o'clock, this a m.

RHEA—Died, this morning at 7 o'clock, Mrs. C. C, wife of Doct. John Rhea.

Funeral service will take place at the residence of the latter, at the corner of Markham and Mangum streets, this morning at 9 o'clock.

July 2, 1876.

New Advertisements.

Assignee's Sale.

ON Tuesday, 25th day of July, 1876, at the Warehouse of Hurt, Blount & Co., the following goods to-wit:

39 cases Spices,
29 cases Coffee,
69 cases Baking Powders,
43 cases Mustard,
9 buckets Coffee,
2 caddies Coffee,
4 buckets fine cut Tobacco,
97 boxes Bonanza Prize Candy.

Also, boxes Candy,
New Lard Cans,
Vinegar,
Soap,
Tea,
Mackerel,
Syrup, &c., &c.

All belonging to the estate of West, Edwards & Co., Bankrupts. JAMES T. FRANCIS, Jr., GREEN B. DODD,
june25—dsun&july25 Assignees.

STATE SAVINGS BANK,
ATLANTA, GA., July 1st, 1876.

Dividend Notice.

THE Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. out of the earnings for the last three months, payable to stockholders on demand. Also, an interest dividend to Saving Depositors at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. Also, $1,000 carried to Surplus Fund.
july2—d1t W. W. BELL, Cashier.

Ice! Ice! Ice!

WILL be sold in Atlanta, the balance of the season, at reduced prices, by Macon Factory, from their Depot in Cunningham's Warehouse, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, fronting Central Railroad track.
Dealers furnished. july2—d3t

Official Drawing
OF THE
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the Benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.
Evening Supplementary, Class 314 July 1, 1876.

9	65	8	18	43	16	17	33	3	58	35	54	21

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 1st day of July, 1876. E. S. MORRIS, Manager.
july2—dtf

S. B. SPENCER. W. A. SPENCER.
SPENCER & SPENCER,
Attorneys at Law.
OFFICE, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, Lynch building. All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and undivided attention.
Atlanta, Feb. 19, 1876—feb20-dsuntf

**Fulton

Daily ...FERRED LOCALS

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

e Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

Sensible Advice.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your druggist to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as sour stomach, sick headache habitual costiveness, palpitation of the heart, heart-burn, water-brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your druggist, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale agents, and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you. apri-deod&wly

Special Notice.

To purchasers of Lard Oils, West Virginia Oils and Coach Candles are particularly requested to get my prices before purchasing elsewhere. All orders promptly filled at St. Louis or Cincinnati prices.

Railroad Supplies a specialty.

AMOS FOX,
No 5 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.
Agent for Buckeye Oil Works,
Cincinnati, O.
Also, Inland Oil Works,
St. Louis, Mo.,
Gunnison, Hamiltons & Miller, Proprietors.
may7-d3m

BLACK DIAMOND COAL.

Creek Coal.

W. S. Grisham will sell, by car load, or in any quantity desired, this celebrated Coal during the summer months, at

LOW RATES.

Orders solicited. Office, 56 Alabama street, near the car shed, Atlanta, Georgia.
june28—dtues,thurs&sun,tf

Look Here.

Tickets via The "Great Kennesaw Route" to the Centennial, and return, only $38 25
July 1, 1876—d3t

Away to the Mountains.

Excursion arrangements to the Piedmont Hotel, Gainesville, Georgia, every Saturday at — o'clock p. m., returning Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Round trip, including accommodations, has been reduced by the railroad and proprietor of this grand hotel to $6 25.

Tickets for round trip, including accommodations, for sale by the railroad agents.

Grand Opening Ball on the arrival of the first excursion train of the season on Saturday next.

Parties desiring accommodations in the mountains of North Georgia should take advantage of these special rates issued in favor of the Piedmont Hotel. june29—d1w

Look Here.

Tickets via The "Great Kennesaw Route" to the Centennial, and return, only $38 25
July 1, 1876—d3t

Turkish Bath for Ladies.

Every day in the forenoon, except Saturdays. For beauty and health superior to all the drugs and cosmetics in the universe. One trial of the grand luxury will prove this. Rooms, Loyd street, opposite Markham House.
july2—dsun-tues&fri-1f

New Advertisements.

Farm for sale—Mrs M. B. Wheat.
Shoes at 15c—M. Rich.
Wanted—A. M. Lewin & Co.
Wanted to sell or exchange—L. Bellingrath.
Cheap dusters—E. Cahn.
Letter list—Benjamin Conley.
Carriages for sale at Smith's shop.
Board wanted—Boarder.
Handkerchiefs—M. Rich.
Bargains in groceries—A. M. Lewin & Co.
Houses for rent—W. L. Calhoun.
Ice—Macon Factory.
Seven cabin house and two cows for rent—T. Quilts—M. Rich.
Georgia state lottery—E. S. Morris.
Parasols at cost—E. Cahn.
Funeral notice of Mrs. Dr C. C. Rhea.
Sheriff's sale—Jacob Steel.
Ladies' ready-made suits—M. Rich.
Funeral notice of Mary Elizabeth Schenck.
Hard times—D. Steinheimer
Wines, etc—A. M. Lewin & Co.
York lace insertion—M. Rich.
John M Holbrook—Customer.
Sheriff's tax sales—C. W. Wells.
Sheriff's sales—A. M. Perkerson.
Parasols—M. Rich.
Board for gentleman and wife—Home.
Fire—Atlanta Trunk Factory.
Rally—D. Steinheimer.
Ladies' linen suits—E. Cahn.
Closing out—Lowe, Douglass & Dallas.
Trunks and bags—M. Rich.
Everything must be sold—Jos. T. Eichberg.
State savings bank—W. W. Bell.
Revolution in prices—John Keely.
Shirts—M. Rich.
Great Kennesaw Route.
Turkish bath for ladies.
City church directory for this day.
Teas—A M. Lewin & Co.
You will be double taxed—A. G. Grier.
Centennial Belts—M. Rich.
Bank of the State of Georgia—W. L. Peel.
City license, etc—Frank T. Ryan.
Cigars—A. M Lewin & Co.
Silks and laces—M. Rich.
Linen dusters—E. Cahn.
Dividend notice—W. W. Bell.
Cheap goods—W. H. Brotherton.

W. H. Brotherton will offer gents' flannel suits at a reduction of 25 per cent, from former prices. 100 boys cassimere suits at $1 50 worth $4 00. Gents' white linen duck and marseilles vest $1 50. This is the biggest bargain in vests ever offered in this city. 25 cases gents' French calf boots, sewed and pegged, at $3 worth $5; 6000 pair ladies and gents' kid gloves, 50 cents; 5000 ladies', all linen, collars 5 cents; call and see them. 20,000 yards standard prints 6¼ cents; 5000 yards good prints 5 cents. The largest stock of dress linens in the city reduced, and a great many other goods too numerous to mention, at greatly reduced rates. july2-1t

Look Here.

Tickets via The "Great Kennesaw Route" to the Centennial, and return, only $38 25.
July 1, 1876—d3t

Important to Ladies.

Be sure and attend the bankrupt sale of Mrs. O. A. Spiegle's elegant stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods, that must be sold in fifteen days.

All persons indebted to the estate of Mrs. O. A. M. Verbeck will call and settle and get the receipt.

WILLIAM RICH,
june27—d1w Assignee.

Blank Waiver Notes.

Send your orders to the CONSTITUTION office for blank notes containg the waiving clause. Prices low apr21—dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office apr21—dtf

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap Black Silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at
june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures.
june7—dtf

Look Here.

Tickets via The "Great Kennesaw Route" to the Centennial, and return, only $38 25.
July 1, 1876—d3t

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at
june7-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the the popular store of
june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Railroad ruling and binding a specialty at the CONSTITUTION office. Prices reduced. tf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office
apr21—dtf

Names gilded on albums, Bibles, prayerbooks, pocketbooks, etc, at the CONSTITUTION book bindery. tf

To the Ladies.

Send your music, magazines, monthlies to the CONSTITUTION office and have them bound and your name gilded on them. tf

LDEN AND HENDRICKS

RATIFICATION MEETING

LAST NIGHT.

...ent and Enthusiastic Demonstration.

...kers and What they Said.

...ing old Democratic Ditty.

Events of last night will ...g ...n the political history ...r ...e call made upon our democratic ...locens to turn out and give expression ...things upon the nomination of Tilden ...ndricks was responded to through... the length and breadth of Atlanta, he ...nounced to be inclement and even be... the people were assembling in their behalf. But the ardor and patriotism ...ere were not to be dampened by a ...homuch clothes might suffer, and ...m assembled bank the people steadily ...mbled.

...At eight o'clock when the spring ...cond, Marietta street from Pearce ...treet presented a picture ...

...UPPLY GLOWING TO ENTHUSE THE OLD-...EST VOTER.

Timt...ee having the demonstrat... in ...hat placed three large bonfires along the ...from ...rietta street. Also a large height ...n the floor window of Clark's hardware ...store ...illuminations threw the large crowd bold relief, and had any wandering man looked at that moment down ...upons of resolute faces below, he would ...have...ed that in this section Hayes stock was ...orth picking up. The crowd must have...ered five thousand, and well represented ...intelligence and honesty of their ...We also...e plenty of color...d men mixed in ...miniently entering warmly into the ...proce...This vast audience extended long both Marietta ...reet, and in front the speak people were gathered together as ...tinct...hey could stand. Two bands of ...music to enliven the occasion, ...r's band ...Stone Mountain band. The discourse...mber of patriotic airs between the addr...people seemed excited in a joyous ...unusual degree as though they were ...assur...the victory of their ticket was already ...ty. The cheering whenever the names ...n and Hendricks were mentioned was ...and given with a heartiness that ...ld us forcibly of good old democratic ...ic day long past, nor did they entirely ...confin...noise to cheering fire works and ...fire ...ers also utilized for the occasion, and ...ell.

...UTE OF TWENTY-FIVE GUNS

...W's ...e noise of the cannon added immeasure...enthusiasm, and the successive ...reports broke upon the air were hailed with ...ous cheering.

...THE SPEAKING.

The ...s delivered their addresses from the ...balcony the book store of Messrs. Phillips & ...We present our readers with an outline ...was said, as well as it could be taken ...idst the noise and confusion around.

...GEN GARTRELL

was the...ker introduced. His appearance ...with applause. He said:

Fellow...: For more than a decade of years ...o...this country have endured the ...massive, inefficient and extravagant govern...wn to the annals of American history.

...During...period unjust and oppressive laws ...e...enacted to foster one class and degrade...the elective franchise in many of the ...olated and controlled by the bayonet...ny employed in times of profound ...peace and maltreat our people for ...most trivial offenses — incidents ...imposed upon the masses. Mr. the public lands donated to wealthy ...ions, commerce and trade paralyzed ...ional mismanagement, and plunder ...and...tance characterizing every department ...federal government.

The...ful prosperity of the people, the great ob...good governments, have been subordi...the pecuniary and political advancement...se in power, and corrupt and faithless ...officers assuming the role of the peoples, ...have fattened and become rich upon...e treasury.

The ...ower has squandered the public money ...ated upon public property—voted ...the enormous salaries—sold public offices ...the ignorant negro whose guardians ...sumed to be, and by high crimes ...meanors committed while in official ...aught the blush of shame to the cheek ...patriot and entailed disgrace upon ...n institutions. Verily when the ...rule the people mourn; but, ...d, and I speak it reverently, a day ...ning is coming when the honest ...men throughout all this land, des...ring to...e American institutions in their ...ity, and by the great constitution which ...now impending, dare...aders and money changers from the ...ten put in their places honest men who ...re the principles and practices of ...s. This patriotic work will be accomp...the good and true men from all sec...ions ...nation. The north and the south will ...ether, and the east and the west embr...other.

But ...t ...y for ...o encounter. They will spend ...ear and strain every nerve to retain ...te two great parties have recently ...ssem...convention. One met at Cincinnati ...spirits and white and ...ed a platform of ...seventeen ...and when you read it you will ...k plank and no principles (Laughter) ...nore colors than Joseph's coat. But ...people come to read the St. Louis platform ...commend itself to the people and ...sway this hybrid concern. ...here at Cin...s Blaine and his bonds, Morton and...ody shirt, and Conkling. But they ...all aside and took Hayes and Wheeler ...took them because they were unk...against whom nothing could be said ...placed them upon a platform, and ...storm. It maintains the spirit of ...sed...in one plank. But we have ...no ...in this country in the south we ...termined to bury the past and forget it...) They will shake the bloody shirt ...their people of lingering rebellion ...know that there is not a more loyal ...e country than the southern people. ...ad to stand by the union of our ...athers made it. [Loud cheers] ...are always trying to tinker the con... The want a sixteenth amendment ...schools. But they care neither for ...mon schools, but for public plunder. ...er referred to the infamy of Belknap, ...d the other disgraced officials of the ...t. There, pointing to the transparency, ...el Tilden breaking the "ring." He ...man—true to the people and the prosperity ...country. He was educated in the ...sonian democracy. I hope the day ...e when Tilden will be pointed to as ...saved his country from corruption and ...ed with Washington and Jackson. [Applause.]

Hendricks is ...te type of a western honest man, and ...ny with Tilden, in the administration ...government, the people will be bro...ght ...ess and prosperity. I would ...had this present the great questions of the ...you but I must desist. Let us rally ...ilden and Hendricks, men worthy ...raise and all honor. [Cheers.] Let ...and impress upon the people the great...e contest and together go on to the la...cuing the government from corruption ...archy. I propose three cheers for Tilden ...endricks!

Three cheers ...ully given and three for Gartrell.

...DR. MILLER.

Fellow Citizens, ...quite sure I shall not be heard well ...ight. I trust you will bear with me ...speak as well as I can. I feel peculiar ...in coming before you now and present...great principles of the democratic party ...United States. From the unfortunate ...ations growing out of the war a majority ...people have been arrayed against ...congratulate you that this unj... condition has terminated. Gl... the democratic party, but the ...unity to stand before the people of the ...tates with its principles upon its ban..., ...alife upon it, that banner will lead ...victory. [Applause.] Upon the last trial ...gthampon the issue of the principles of ...ilcox party they lacked nearly a million ...rying a majority of the people. I ver...ve if the democratic principles can be ...up before the people we shall triumph.

"Now is the ...of par discontent Made glorious by ...of (new) York." Tilden means in the first place honest ...hard money. The rag-baby is the cry ...dradical usurpation. I present the ...tion in the purest because it is that ...on our party places itself upon which ...andidate has placed himself. Our party is to return to honest ...honest men in the conduct of affairs. The first issue upon which ...said. Again our nomination ...honest collection of taxes by levying ...revenue, and not for protection. For... dollar the government collects out of ...tive tariff, the people pay from six to ...cents ...it their pockets again. The nomina... Mr. Tilden means an honest and econo... administration. The republicans say they ...for this also, and present to us a candi... whose ...nation cannot be changed. The ...nation was made by a combination of ...friends of Morton and Conk... the attaches and supporters of the ...administration. I have nothing to say. Tilden on the one ...publishes a thief the same whether a ...n or democrat. (Applause.) Again, ...a man who can see what is right in the ...mation of abuses and expenses, and ...stretch out the strong arm of his office ...direct them. Hayes has done ...for Ohio; Tilden has actually ...the expenses of the state of New York ...ion dollars. This is the mode of govern... I want carried into the fundamental mi... and my fellow-citizens if Jefferson ...id arise to-day from his grave and ...the presidential chair, it could not be ...by a better man than Samuel J. Til... (Applause.) Under Grant the officers of ...try have become the wages of pa... vice and fealty. Where is the ...formation here, this party has ...and again promised; yes this pa... you it is for reform in the civil service. ...the differences briefly stated of the ...dies. Now which do you prefer. Let us ...all prejudices endorsed by recent ad... I tell you next November's sun will ...the election of Samuel J. Tilden by ...of votes. [Applause.]

JUDGE JOHN C. NICHOLS,

one of the St. Louis delegates from Georgia. He said he was one of those who did not vote for Tilden in the convention. I learned very early in life to obey home rule," and my wife told me to go to St. Louis and vote for Thomas F. Bayard, and the convention had last until to-day I should have been there yet voting for Bayard. [A voice—"Hurrah for your wife"—laughter]. But when I saw the people of the country I was willing to accept him. Tilden is the great political reformer. We all say "Hurrah for Tilden!" I think the nomination is good. I think under the circumstances the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks the best that could have been made. Georgia gives Tilden 100,000 majority without question. The nomination is endorsed all over the country and all we have to do is to stand by the nomination. [Cheers.]

SAM. SMALL,

of the CONSTITUTION, as introduced and said:

Fellow-Citizens:—We have assembled here tonight for one of the most joyful demonstrations since 1860. We have...d the cannon booming, we have had the Dentheness of the mountains and other big guns. I am glad that I represent the young democracy and that we have come to the statue and dirty ol voters in this centennial year.

I do not fear that when the time comes we will give to Tilden a red hot 100,000 major in Georgia. It is the province of the young democracy to call this government back to it honest and reform which should make the best government the world ever saw. Tilden promises reform, reduction of taxation, honesty. It is Tilden and reform. So far as the election is concerned I do not allow myself doubt. I say to you that so far as Georgia concerned there is no reason to make any usual demonstration except to show citizens other states that we accept the nomination, and mean to elect the ticket. We shall place our lances in rest for the conflict, and march forward to the conquests we seek—the conquest over vice, corruption and dishonesty in high places. (Cheers.) The young democracy for the tenth legion of Cæsar to the national ...y and I am glad that we can here ...pledge its support to free government and the restoration of civil liberty. The people of this state know what to do and will do it—they are always and overwhelmingly upon the side of honesty. Honesty and reform is the burden of our song. With it upon its...d banner we shall progress to our great victory. [Applause.]

...SDELL

was introduced and said that after the speeches that had been delivered it would not attempt to entertain them. He only wished to present one idea of the ...ces of victory in November. With Tilden ...arry New York and Hendricks to carry Indiana we are secure of victory. Hendricks was elected governor of Indiana in 1872 when ...republicans carried the other offices. It ...s to me certain now that Hendricks should ...rry Indiana. With Tilden carry New York ...e carried the state by over 50,000 majority although the republican governor ahead of him had carried the state by a like majority. This rejoicing is not out of order. The dawn is dawning upon the country and the platform of reform, our chances are also beyond question. He spoke of the corruptness of the radical party and the necessity of ...ting it out of our politics.

Col Maddox dismissed the crowd until November next, when they should be called to gether to ratify the election of the ticket.

Mr Small here rose and proposed three cheers for Tilden and Hendricks which were given with hearty will.

TOWN TPICS.

—The county board of education were in session yesterday making contracts with teachers. There are forty-one schools in the county.

—During the balance of the season ice from the Macon factory will be sold at reduced prices in this city at their depot in Cunningham's warehouse, corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets. This is good news. We have tested the ice and can guarantee its good qualities.

—J. O. Harris, city tax collector, on Friday and Saturday, collected $36,000 of city taxes.

—Merchants and business men will heed the counsel of Frank T. Ryan, clerk of council, so kindly given in another column.

—Capt. A. G. Grier, tax receiver, notifies tax payers to walk up and give in their taxes at once, or be double taxed.

—Thomas M. Woodhad green corn on his table yesterday grown in his garden in this city and has had okra several days.

—The declamation of Master John Goldsmith, son of Hon W Goldsmith, of "All is quiet on the Potomac to-night," at Ivy street school Friday was highly implimented. He possesses a practical temperament, and the poem suited him.

—Hampton excurts to Stone Mountain on the 7th.

—The exercises of the Dalton female college open to-day with a sermon by Rev O L Smith, D D. Sophomore pri reading 10 a m July 3d; annual literary festival Monday night; annual address, July 4th, by Hon A R Wright; junior exhibition Tuesday evening; commencement day July 5th. Grand concert Wednesday night. Operetta of Florafine, Thursday evening.

—The complimentary musical soiree at the Markham Wednesday. Will H. Stanley promises to be a success. Miss Linnie McCandless will be the pianist. Mrs Lewis H Clarke, Miss Minnie Jackson, Miss Ia Jackson, Miss Helen Wimberly, Miss Ella Imbry, Mrs H R Powers, Mrs E A Werner, Mr Lizzie Overby and Professor Packer will take part in the musical exercises. The bill of fare is a rich one.

—W. L Hubbard and wife and Mrs. Willie Clayton left for Dalton yesterday evening.

—W. J. Garrett and wife left yesterday evening for the centennial.

—Col. Sam Lumpkin, of Oglethorpe, returned yesterday with the party from St. Louis.

—We had a pleasant all yesterday from that genial gentleman, J Wm Jackson, agent of the Hall safe and lock company. Mr Jackson has just returned from Philadelphia, where he has been on a visit the centennial, and although he has met with considerable loss in the enterprise, which carried him there, he is still ready to sell his safes reasonable as ever.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Holland, Mrs W. F. Jack and Miss Dora Vack are at the centennial.

—A Sunday school pic nic society was organized on Tuesday last at the 5th Baptist church. Miss Nellie Downs was elected president, Mrs Sparks and Mrs. Bryan vice-presidents, and Rev. E S V Briant, secretary and treasurer. The society meet on Monday 3 p. m. at the church. A full attendance is desirable.

—By reference to our church directory, it will be seen that the pastors of the 2nd Baptist church and of Trinity Methodist church, make an exchange of pulpits to-night.

—We call attention to the advertisement of John Keely. He speaks in it of white pique at 6¼ cents a yard and other goods correspondingly low. His stock is new and fresh and his prices are below the ordinary figures asked for similar goods.

—The pomological society met yesterday. Some few fruit were exhibited. Prof. W A Buss, was requested to furnish a paper on strawberry culture. A series of questions addressed to fruit growers in the state relative to blight in apple and peartrees, and rot in grapes, was adopted. The report of J J Ben, relative to exhibition of fruits at the American pomologic society, which meets in Philadelphia, September 11 to 15 was adopted. Fallen who send fruit to the centennial are allowed to retail them to visitors, or to sell to dealers through other parties.

The Magistrate

Justice Butt yesterday sent a negro named John Boyd to jail for stealing a gold ring valued at thirty dollars from Mrs. L. H. Davis. Mat Terrell, a colored cartman, was also sent to jail for stealing clothes.

STATE SAVINGS BANK.

No. 2 Kimball House, Wall Street.

This Bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar up to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june7—d1mo-h-c

Cobb County Convention.

The Western and Atlantic railroad will take persons attending the convention to be held in Marietta Tuesday, July 4, to and from, for one fare, Vining, Smyrna, Big Shanty and Acworth

The State Savings Bank

We desire to call special attention to the statement of this bank in another column also to the notice of a dividend to stockholders. The statement shows the bank to be perfectly sound and doing a prosperous business.

It is not only able to pay a dividend to stockholders at the rate of twelve per cent per annum for its first quarter business, but also carries one thousand dollars to its surplus fund.

Railroad agents will find it to their interest to call at the CONSTITUTION office and get our prices before having their work done elsewhere. Our bindery is especially arranged for doing railroad work, and we are satisfied that we can do it cheaper than it can probably be done anywhere else in this city. Give us one trial at least. tf

READ Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement and go there. It will pay you.
june7—dtf

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. C. PEEPLES, JUDGE.

Court met on yesterday at its usual hour, and remained in session during a portion of the morning

Judge Peeples announced the appointment of Col Pace, of Covington, auditor in the state against Treasurer John Jones and his securities.

A few other orders in civil business were granted, and court adjourned to meet next Saturday, when it is probable that it will finally adjourn for the term.

THE CITY COURT.

HON. R. H. CLARK, JUDGE.

The city court met yesterday morning at half-past eight o'clock for the purpose of trying Mac Hill, Andrew Hill and W. R. Patterson, accused, charged with gaming. On account of the absence of a witness the case was continued and an attachment issued for him. Court adjourned to meet on Monday to try some special cases. The criminal docket will be resumed on Thursday morning at half-past eight o'clock and the cases called in their respective order.

SAM. SMALL,

Of the CONSTITUTION, as introduced and said:

Fellow-Citizens:—Have assembled here tonight for one of the most joyful demonstrations since 1860. We have had the Dentheness of the mountains and other big guns. I am glad that I represent the young democracy and that we have come to the statue and dirty ol voters in this centennial year.

I do not fear that when the time comes we will give to Tilden a red hot 100,000 major in Georgia. It is the province of the young democracy to call this government back to it honest and reform which should make the best government the world ever saw. Tilden promises reform, reduction of taxation, honesty. It is Tilden and reform. So far as the election is concerned I do not allow myself doubt. I say to you that so far as Georgia concerned there is no reason to make any usual demonstration except to show citizens other states that we accept the nomination, and mean to elect the ticket. We shall place our lances in rest for the conflict, and march forward to the conquests we seek—the conquest over vice, corruption and dishonesty in high places. (Cheers.) The young democracy for the tenth legion of Cæsar to the national ...y and I am glad that we can here ...pledge its support to free government and the restoration of civil liberty. The people of this state know what to do and will do it—they are always and overwhelmingly upon the side of honesty. Honesty and reform is the burden of our song. With it upon its...d banner we shall progress to our great victory. [Applause.]

...SDELL

was introduced and said that after the speeches that had been delivered it would not attempt to entertain them. He only wished to present one idea of the ...ces of victory in November. With Tilden ...arry New York and Hendricks to carry Indiana we are secure of victory. Hendricks was elected governor of Indiana in 1872 when ...republicans carried the other offices. It ...s to me certain now that Hendricks should ...rry Indiana. With Tilden carry New York he carried the state by over 50,000 majority although the republican governor ahead of him had carried the state by a like majority. This rejoicing is not out of order. The dawn is dawning upon the country and the platform of reform, our chances are also beyond question. He spoke of the corruptness of the radical party and the necessity of ...ting it out of our politics.

Col Maddox dismissed the crowd until November next, when they should be called together to ratify the election of the ticket.

Mr Small here rose and proposed three cheers for Tilden and Hendricks which were given with hearty will.

TOWN TPICS.

—The county board of education were in session yesterday making contracts with teachers. There are forty-one schools in the county.

—During the balance of the season ice from the Macon factory will be sold at reduced prices in this city at their depot in Cunningham's warehouse, corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets. This is good news. We have tested the ice and can guarantee its good qualities.

—J. O. Harris, city tax collector, on Friday and Saturday, collected $36,000 of city taxes.

—Merchants and business men will heed the counsel of Frank T. Ryan, clerk of council, so kindly given in another column.

—Capt. A. G. Grier, tax receiver, notifies tax payers to walk up and give in their taxes at once, or be double taxed.

—Thomas M. Woodhad green corn on his table yesterday grown in his garden in this city and has had okra several days.

—The declamation of Master John Goldsmith, son of Hon W Goldsmith, of "All is quiet on the Potomac to-night," at Ivy street school Friday was highly implimented. He possesses a practical temperament, and the poem suited him.

—Hampton excurts to Stone Mountain on the 7th.

—The exercises of the Dalton female college open to-day with a sermon by Rev O L Smith, D D. Sophomore pri reading 10 a m July 3d; annual literary festival Monday night; annual address, July 4th, by Hon A R Wright; junior exhibition Tuesday evening; commencement day July 5th. Grand concert Wednesday night. Operetta of Florafine, Thursday evening.

—The complimentary musical soiree at the Markham Wednesday. Will H. Stanley promises to be a success. Miss Linnie McCandless will be the pianist. Mrs Lewis H Clarke, Miss Minnie Jackson, Miss Ia Jackson, Miss Helen Wimberly, Miss Ella Imbry, Mrs H R Powers, Mrs E A Werner, Mr Lizzie Overby and Professor Packer will take part in the musical exercises. The bill of fare is a rich one.

—W. L Hubbard and wife and Mrs. Willie Clayton left for Dalton yesterday evening.

—W. J. Garrett and wife left yesterday evening for the centennial.

—Col. Sam Lumpkin, of Oglethorpe, returned yesterday with the party from St. Louis.

—We had a pleasant all yesterday from that genial gentleman, J Wm Jackson, agent of the Hall safe and lock company. Mr Jackson has just returned from Philadelphia, where he has been on a visit the centennial, and although he has met with considerable loss in the enterprise, which carried him there, he is still ready to sell his safes reasonable as ever.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Holland, Mrs W. F. Jack and Miss Dora Vack are at the centennial.

—A Sunday school pic nic society was organized on Tuesday last at the 5th Baptist church. Miss Nellie Downs was elected president, Mrs Sparks and Mrs. Bryan vice-presidents, and Rev. E S V Briant, secretary and treasurer. The society meet on Monday 3 p. m. at the church. A full attendance is desirable.

—By reference to our church directory, it will be seen that the pastors of the 2nd Baptist church and of Trinity Methodist church, make an exchange of pulpits to-night.

—We call attention to the advertisement of John Keely. He speaks in it of white pique at 6¼ cents a yard and other goods correspondingly low. His stock is new and fresh and his prices are below the ordinary figures asked for similar goods.

—The pomological society met yesterday. Some few fruit were exhibited. Prof. W A Buss, was requested to furnish a paper on strawberry culture. A series of questions addressed to fruit growers in the state relative to blight in apple and peartrees, and rot in grapes, was adopted. The report of J J Ben, relative to exhibition of fruits at the American pomologic society, which meets in Philadelphia, September 11 to 15 was adopted. Fallen who send fruit to the centennial are allowed to retail them to visitors, or to sell to dealers through other parties.

The Magistrate

Justice Butt yesterday sent a negro named John Boyd to jail for stealing a gold ring valued at thirty dollars from Mrs. L. H. Davis. Mat Terrell, a colored cartman, was also sent to jail for stealing clothes.

Clothing! Clothing!!

To make room for fall and winter goods I have thrown the large remnant of my wholesale stock of spring and summer clothing into my retail store, No. 35 Whitehall street, and will close them out in the next sixty days.

These goods must and shall be sold.

Prices will be made astonishingly low.

Call and examine,

I mean business, and do not wish or intend to humbug any body. My stock is new.

R. P. S. KIMBRO.
o. 25 Whitehall street.—june 17, 1m.

Church Directory.

SIXTH METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH, Junction Peachtree street and Merritt's avenue, Rev W C Dunlap, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M. by Rev W P Pattillo, and at 8:15 P M by the pastor. Sunday school at 9 A M. Prayer meeting weekly on Thursday night.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, REV. DR. Harrison, pastor. Preaching at 10½ A M, by Rev Dr A Means, Sunday school at 4 P M. Class meeting at 9 A M. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

ST. PAUL'S, M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, Corner Bell and Hunter streets, Rev. W. A. Dodge, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M., by the pastor. Sunday school at 4 P M, sharp.

ST. PHILIPS CHURCH, CORNER HUNTER and Washington streets Third Sunday after Trinity. Morning prayer and holy communion at 10:30. Evening prayer and sermon at 8:15.

TRINITY (METHODIST) CHURCH, CORNER Whitehall and Peters streets, Rev W F Cook pastor. Preaching at 10:45 A M, by the pastor, and at 8:15 P M, by Rev A T Spalding, D D. Sunday school at 9:0 A M.

EVANS CHAPEL, CORNER CHAPEL AND Stonewall streets, Rev W C Dunlap, pastor in charge. Services at 10:30 A. M., by the pastor, and at night by Rev J R Mayson, president LaGrange female college. Sunday school at 3:5 P M.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER OF Washington and Mitchell and streets, Rev A T Spalding, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A M by the pastor, and at 8:15 P M, by Rev W F Cook, of Trinity church.

FIFTH BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER GILmer and Bell streets, Rev V C Norcross pastor. Preaching at 11 A M, by Rev E S V Briant. Sunday school at 3 P M. Preaching at 8:15 P M.

IN MEMORIAM.—A memorial service will be held at the "Ketchum Mission," on Whitehall street, junction of Forsyth, this (Sunday) after noon at 4 o'clock sacred to the memory of our beloved superintendent, Rev R C Ketchum, deceased. A cordial invitation is extended to all who desire to do so to meet with us and unite in this service.

Local and Business Notices

Fire! Fire!!

Owing to the damage sustained at the late fire, we will sell our entire stock of Trunks at greatly reduced rates.

Travelers, now is your time for Bargains

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,
92 Whitehall street.
july2-dsun&wed

John Keely

Has somewhat revolutionized prices since the receipt of his last purchases which were made at New York *forced sales.* Just opened. the following:

20 pieces excellent *real Iron Grenadines,* 27½ cen s, worth 50 cents.

15 pieces fine *real Iron Grenadines,* 35 cents, worth 60 cents elsewhere.

15 pieces choice grade Iron Grenadines, 45 cents, worth 75 cents elsewhere.

15 pieces of the very finest grades, at half price.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS.

120 pieces White Piq re, 6¼ cents per yard, worth 12½ cents.

170 pieces elegant Printed Muslins, 8 cents worth 12½ cents.

870 fine Silk Parasols at about half price.

200 pieces beautiful Dress Goods to be closed out *cheap.*

200 Black Lace Sacques at one-fourth their value.

300 Pieces elegant Sash Ribbons, 20 cents per yard—silk goods—worth 75 cents

1,000 pieces White Swiss, Victoria Lawns, etc., to be closed out.

NECK TIES, SCARFS, ETC.,

in surprising profusion, at half the price asked elsewhere.

Ladies' and Misses' Hose, Gloves, Underwear, etc. Irish Linens, Table Linens, Towels, Doylies, etc., at prices merely nominal.

Dress Linens, Grass Cloths, etc., in great variety, very cheap, at

july2-d1t JOHN KEELY'S.

FOR SALE—10,000 pounds fine Teas, new crop, from 50 cents to $1 00 per pound at
july2-d1t A. M. LEWIN & Co.'s.

AN entire new selection of Silk and Ecru Ties, from 15 cents up, can be found at
july2-d2t M. RICH'S.

Bargains in Groceries.

We are selling choice Groceries, Wines, Liquors and Cigars at hard pan prices, for cash.

A. M. LEWIN & Co,
july2 d1t 78 Whitehall street.

LADIES call at M. Rich's and see the new Centennial Belts and Fan Chattalens. Also a new lot of Fans just opened, at very low prices. july2-d2t

Trayuham & Co.,

Dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Mouldings, Pickets, Shingles, Laths, etc., at popular prices. Office and Yard, Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Decatur street. See advertisement.
apr16-2taw tf

Gents, Don't Buy Your Shirts,

but wait till Tuesday the 4th, M. Rich will open 125 dozen of the finest unlaundried Gents' Shirts ever exhibibited. Warranted to be Wamsutta Muslin, all Linen fronts and cuffs, at $1 00. july 2-d2t

Important to Persons Visiting New York or the Centennial.

GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. Baggage taken to and from this depot to Hotel free. 350 elegant rooms. Elevator. European plan Restaurant, supplied with the best. Prices moderate. Cars and stages pass this Hotel for all parts of the city, and to Philadelphia Depot for Centennial. june20 -d2tawtf

Trunks and Bags at M Rich's.

To make room for a coming large stock of Dry Goods, during this week, M. Rich will sell his entire stock of Trunks and Bags at very low prices. This is a good chance for the centennialists to get a good Trunk or Bag for a little money. july2-d2t

THOSE that want a good Parasol, cheap, will do well to call on M. Rich. He has just opened a large lot in Silk and Cambric.
july2-d2t

YACK Laces, Insertings, Brussels Net, all widths, in Silk Velvet Ribbon, for Basques, Ecru Over Skirting and other novelties, just opened at M. RICH'S.
july2-d2t

ONLY a few more of those ready-made Ladies' Suits, to close, will be sold very cheap at M. RICH'S.
july2-d2t

M. RICH will offer a large lot of White Quilts, large sizes at only $1 00. july2-d2t

LARGE lot of Handkerchiefs and Towels at a great sacrifice, are being offered at
july2-d2t M. RICH'S.

100 pairs of Children's damaged Shoes, 15 cents a pair at M. Rich's—regular price $1 00. july2 d2t

LONG Centennial Fan Chattalens, at
july2-d2t M. RICH'S.

RUPTURE

DR. J. A. SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling imitation appliances and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G Crompton, was arrested in Pennsylvania for selling himself Doctor. The game is to exact $50 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspecting, while Dr. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliance and Curative Compound is reduced to $30 00. Office—PARK Row and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK. See extended circular on first page. Books, with Photographic likeness of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.
june28—d&w1m,3d,p,s,4,7,m

Special Card from

GEORGE SHARP, JR.,

Diamond and Jewelry Merchant,

No. 34 Whitehall street,

ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of

Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Leontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered for sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR.
june28—dtf

MARKET REPORTS

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA., July. 1 1876.

Cotton continues dull at 10c for middlings.

Net receipts of cotton at all ports to-day 1,163

National Board of Trade.

NEW YORK, July 1.

The national board of trade adopted a resolution asking congress to amend the bankrupt act and make it uniform, also calling for thorough revision of tariff not made in the interest of any class of producers, manufacturers, or merchants; also of internal revenue, with a view of securing the largest revenue from the fewest articles. The board meets in Washington in January next. Adourned sine die.

NEW YORK, July 1.

Gold and stock and other exchanges also numerous business houses, having resolved to close from three p. m. to-day till Wednesday next, when

JEMIMA BROWN.

Bring her here, my little Alice—
Poor Jemima Brown!
Make the little cradle ready,
Softly lay her down.
Once she lived in ease and comfort,
Slept on couch of down;
Now upon the floor she's lying—
Poor Jemima Brown!

Once she was a lovely dolly,
Rosy-cheeked and fair,
With her eyes of brightest azure,
And her golden hair.
Now, alas! no hair's remaining
On her poor old crown;
And the crown itself is broken—
Poor Jemima Brown!

Once her legs were smooth and comely,
And her nose was straight;
And that arm, now hanging lonely,
Had, methinks, a mate.
Ah, she was as finely dressed as
Any doll in town.
Now she's old, forlorn and ragged—
Poor Jemima Brown!

Yet be kind to her, my Alice!
'Tis no fault of hers
If her willful little mistress
Other dolls prefers.
Did *she* pull her pretty hair out?
Did *she* break her crown?
Did *she* tear her arms and legs off?
Poor Jemima Brown!

Little hands that did the mischief,
You must do your best
Now to give the poor old dolly
Comfortable rest.
So we'll make the cradle ready,
And we'll lay her down;
And we'll ask papa to mend her—
Poor Jemmima Brown!

—[St. Nicholas.

Georgia Gossip.

Hawkinsville Dispatch.

—The citizens of Berrien county are nonplused over a mysterious colored woman, wearing male attire, and living in the woods in that county. She seems to have a horrid dread of men, and is said to run equal to the speed of the swiftest horse when pursued.

—John Wynne ran nine sturgeon out of the creek and captured them with dogs. They weighed nine hundred pounds.

Greensboro Herald.

—Greensboro fireman excurt to Atlanta on the 11th.

—Judge Corry has a goose 40 years old.

—The Union Point Baptist Sabbath school has placed an organ in the church for the use of their school. Miss Sallie Moore, the music teacher, is the organist.

Irwinton Southerner.

—We are told that the fleas have become so bad in this country that one of our farmers runs his sleeping shirt through a sugar cane mill every night before retiring.

Conyers Courier.

—Dr. J. A. Stewart delivered the masonic address on St. John's day at Rutledge.

—Conyers ratified Tilden and Hendricks Thursday night.

—The young ladies of the male and female high school are to read their compositions on commencement day dressed in calico.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

—The Kendrick jury was on duty six days in all; three were on eight days, eight seven days and one six days.

LaGrange Reporter.

—The passenger train on the Atlanta & West Point road on Monday killed seven cows between Atlanta and LaGrange. Five were killed at one time.

—The pupils of the LaGrange female college dressed entirely in calico at commencement. Even Waterman wore a calico shirt.

—The Big George Dallis base ball club has been organized.

Gainesville Eagle.

—Sunday liquor sellers contributed $65 to the city treasury last week.

—The Ben Hill cadets expect to uniform themselves soon.

—The city council will destroy at their next meeting $6,000 of soft money or city currency.

—A fish was caught in Hiwassee river recently weighing 19 3-4 pounds.

Butts county Argus.

—On Tuesday last, Mr. Samuel Collins, the oldest inhabitant, drove to town and atteded to business as of yore. Mr. Butts was born in 1785, has resided on the same plantation in Butts since 1823, and now has over a half dozen great great grandchildren.

Elberton Gazette.

—Last week a party went seining in Hodges' mill pond, in Hart county, and in a short time caught 560 fine creek fish, weighing in all 103 pounds.

—This morning a white hen belonging to F. B. Hodges, esq., of Hart county, departed this life, aged eighteen years. Mr. Hodges was married in 1858, and that summer this hen was a present to his wife, which she has taken good care of and which has lived to this ripe old age.

Dawson Journal,

—Several cases of sore eyes in town.

—The "gayest girl in town" is now the favorite with whistleists.

—We sympathized with the fair damsel who carried one eye in a sling to the party Friday night. She had to look at her beaux "off handed."

—If the girl that went up in a balloon and sailed around the little stars, at the concert the other night, will accept a husband whose name is not "Johnny Sands," she need not have long to wait.

—We learn that the lightning struck a shed on the plantation of Dr. Barlow, in this county, on Monday last—killed three mules and burned up a quantity of oats.

Sandersville Herald and Georgian.

—About fifty persons, male and female, have been examined by the board of education of this county and licensed to teach school.

Waynesboro' Expositor.

—Burke county foxes stop in the road and wait for the dogs to come up. A fight ensues and fox is laid out.

—In Waynesboro we have about 735 people, 300 of whom either own a dog or are looking around for one; 200 more are responsible for the rations and general well being of as many cats, and 1 man owns a flock of sheep. There are perhaps five canary birds in town, also some bad accounts. There are millions of flies, some fleas and a limited number of gnats. One man has 3 biles, but has no potsherd wherewith to scrape himself. We have also one editor who is dilligently seeking about for an editress.

Marietta Journal.

—Grasshoppers have appeared in Cobb.

—Miss Emma Jones, one of the fair belles of Cartersville, is visiting Marietta, the guest of Miss Ella Hammett.

—Miss Ida Duncan, the belle of Acworth, has gone to Decatur on a visit.

Covington Enterprise.

—Midway wants to change her name to Appleton.

—Every lady in town has a bonnet one hundred and twenty years old. It was brought from Halifax county, Va., and is now all the rage in the fashion. The name of the bonnet.

—Miss Dan endeavored to [illegible] Hamilton beauty last [illegible]

—Widowers visiting [illegible] The twelve [illegible] to wear

[illegible]

teen, was buried by the shaft, but will probably recover.

Butler Herald.

—We learn that a white man died last week at Mr. Wm. Mitchells, who lives ten or twelve miles from this place. He said he had killed a man in Columbus, and had run all the way. He refused to tell his name until just before he died.

—Two of our town "bloods," Tom W. and Bill S. went out fishing last Monday and caught a hundred and fifty pounds channel cat. They also killed a rattle-snake nine feet in length, with twenty-two rattles.

Rome News.

—J. W. Meakin has resigned as a member of council.

—A negro struck a dog with a lighted lantern. The frame fastened around his neck and burned him to death.

—To become popular with the average young lady of Rome, a young man has only to tell her she's sarcastic—a little hornet—and success is certain.

Rome Courier.

—J. T. McGuire and daughter left yesterday for the centennial.

—A postoffice has been established at Vann's Valley, in this county, on the Selma, Rome & Dalton railroad, with Mr. J. Jamison postmaster.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—J. H. Laster to Miss Ida N. Hendon of Chattooga county.

—J. R. Boone to Mrs. Mary E. Heath of Hall county.

—T. H. Niblack to Miss Julia C. Lyle of Jackson county.

—Oliver Johnson to Miss Sophronia McLendon of Terrell county.

—Lucien Smith of Atlanta to Miss Lizzie Davidson of Conyers.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Rev. J. W. Parks of Barnesville.

—Mrs. M. P. Byington, of Jonesboro.

—Mrs. W. H. Chandler, of Burke county.

—Dr. B. Kirkland, of Emanuel county.

—Mrs. J. E. Loyless, of Calhoun county.

—J. A. Kea, of Emanuel county.

—S. P. Bruce, of Elbert county.

—O. Barnard, of Towns county.

—Mrs. Nancy Watkins, of Sheffield.

—Mrs. Warren Tucker, of Conyers.

—Mrs. S. A. Lundy, of Greene county.

—Mrs. Y. F. Gresham, of Greene county.

—A. Schmidt, of Macon county.

—Joseph Haup, of Pike county.

—Mrs. E. H. Kavanaugh, of Augusta.

MISCELLANEOUS POINTS.

—An excursion train will leave Griffin for Atlanta on the 15th instant.

—Mr. Howell Cloud, of Griffin, has again taken his place at the extensive dry goods house of Capt. John Keely, in Atlanta.

—Ed. Callaway absconded from Atlanta last Monday, and got back (so said) with the prettiest wife in the state.

LIFE IS SWEET. To live and be healthy and strong, take Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier. It vitalizes, strengthens, purifies the blood. Dr. J. H. McLean's office, 314 Chestnut street, St. Louis, Mo.

Letter List.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga, July 2, 1876. Persons calling for any of said letters will please say advertised and the date.

LADIES.

A—Miss Ella Allen.

B—Miss E Bradwell, Miss I Brawner, Miss Laura Blitch, Miss L H Bigham.

C—Miss Kate Chasnelly, Miss Josephine Clemons, Mrs Harriett Corry, Miss Eugenia Clark, Miss Lillie Crowley. Miss Ophelia Culbers, Mrs A Clark, Mrs A C Cochran, Mrs Mary Clark, Miss M Carver.

D—Mrs H E Doyle, Mrs Amanda Daniel, Miss C Alice Delple, Mrs M A C Dunn, W G Dobson.

E—Mrs M M Eason, Mrs Elliott, Miss Minnie Evans, Mrs Pennie Ewell, Mrs Julia Estes.

F—Mrs Mary Frazer, Miss Mollie Freeman, Mrs Martha Fleming.

G—Miss Annie Green, Mrs Margaret Griffin.

H—Mrs Martha Holmes, Miss Anna A Hall, Miss Ella Hendry.

J—Miss Anna Jones, Miss Eliza Jones, Georgia Jackson. Miss Louisa Jackson.

K—Miss Jennie Kennedy, Mrs Fannie S Key, Mrs Eliza Kontz.

M—Mrs M F Meiggs, Miss Sarah Motes, Miss Lilla McCown, Miss Lou Morgan, Miss Linda Maguire,

P—Miss M Isa Parsons, Miss Fannie Pruitt.

R—Mrs S H Reagin, Mrs Jane Robinson, Mrs Jno C Renfroe, Mrs L Riggins.

S—Mrs Spaulding, Mrs Mary M Syprens, Miss Jennie Sallens, Mrs Lou Standard

T—Mrs Amanda Tucker, Miss Matt Trout.

W—Mrs Reavy Wright, Nettie Whitaker, Mrs C H Williams, Miss Cora Williams, G A Walker, Miss Bella Waters, Lizzie Wharter.

GENTLEMEN.

A—W H Ayers.

E—R J Bates, Frank Boddie, Denuis Baker, Dennis Brown, B B Brown, B C Brown, Allen Beasley, J J Barrett.

C—J W Compton, G J Cook, G Campbell.

D—J N Dycke, G Daniel.

E—M M Eason, Mack Epps 2.

F—G Fleming.

G—C S Gaines, Frank Grier, G T Gunn, J A Gibson.

H—David Hicks, S Hazlett, S T Hayden, H Hartman, James Hughes, Wm Helterbrand.

J—A Jennings, Nick Jefferson, Oscar Johnson, R M Johnson, Geo P Jones, George Jenkins, Hamilton P Jay, Jas Jacobs, W M Jenkins.

K—F M Kenny, Charles King.

L—Chas D Loud, D B Longee, Robt Liddell, T J London, Jefferson Leigh, Wm Liggins.

M—N H McMillan, Nelson Mosely, E M Martin, E J E McLaurut, T Mitchell, Thos Middlebrooks, J F Morgen, Joe M Moon, Jacob McKinney, J M Molloy.

O—J S Owen, All Otherio.

P—A H Parks, Benjamin Parr, Chas R Plumbe, Pleasant Poke, Pate Parker, T A Pope, John Perry, J C Patton, John Pate, W L Parker, L J Parker.

R—Alonzo Rogers, Elonzo Reid, S F Bowley, J W Ramsey.

S—Frank Salter, Green Stokes, Tom Simmons, John Sitepp, John C Smith, Rev J W Stranger, James Sowell, D J Staples, James Sweet, Wesley Skinner

T—Chas H Thropp.

V—J B Velly.

W—A G Wright, Pinckney Waldrop, Willie B Windham, S F Wood, John Wright, J A Williams, W H Webb, W H Waddell, V A Waddell

MISCELLANEOUS.

Atlanta Industrial Agency, Miss Estell "Y."
BENJ. CONLEY, P. M

MARKET REPORTS.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton exchange closed until 5th instant.

Stocks active and higher. Money 3½. Gold 112¼. Exchange—long $4 88½; short $4 90¾. Governments strong. State bonds quiet and nominal.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn quiet and steady. Pork quiet at $19 75@$19 80. Lard heavy; steam 11 62½. Turpentine quiet at 30. Rosin firmat $1 75@$1 80 for strained. Freights quiet.

LIVERPOOL, July 1—noon—Cotton heavy; middling uplands 6; middling Orleans 6½; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 500; receipts none; futures weak; middling uplands nothing below low middlings July delivery 5¾; do. September or October delivery 5 13-16.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—1:30 P. M.—Sales American 1,800 bales.

LONDON, July 1.—Erie 12¾.

PRICES-CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., July 1, 1876.

REMARKS.—During the week a general lassitude has prevailed in all departments of trade. We note but few changes in quotations during the week.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....110 Selling.....112
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....par Selling.....¼ prem.
BONDS—
Georgia 8s.....95@98 Atlanta City 8s 88@91
Georgia 7s.....103@106 Atlanta 7s.....105@107
Gold 6s.....105@107 Augusta City 7s 93@96

Atlanta Produce Market.

BEEF CATTLE	2@5
SHEEP	11¼@12
BUTTER—	
Country	13¼@20
POULTRY—	
Grown chickens	25
Spring chickens	12½@20
Ducks	15
FEATHERS	50@60
BEESWAX	25@27
RAGS	2½@3

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN	73
MEAL	75
GRITS	$5 25
WHEAT	$1 20@$1 40
WHEAT BRAN	80
BARLEY	none
RYE	90
OATS	55@60
HAY—	
Timothy	$1 10@$1 15
Clover	$1 00
Tennessee	$1 00
PEAS	$1 10@$1 35
ONIONS	$5 50 ₱bbl
MOLASSES—	
Barrels	38
Tierces	36
Hhds	35
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits	$1 75@$2 00
No. 2 half bbls $6 50; kits	$1 25@$1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $6 00; kits	$1 15
COFFEE—	
Rio	20½@22½
Java	37½
SUGAR—	
A	11
White extra C	10¾
Yellow	10½
New Orleans	8¾@10
Demerara	9¼@10
FLOUR.	
Fancy	$8 00
Extra Family	$7 00@$7 25
Family	$7 50@$8 00
Extra	$6 00
Superfine	$5 50
BACON.	
Clear sides	13
Clear rib sides	12½
Shoulders	10½
BULK MEATS.	
Clear sides	none
Clear rib sides	11¾
Long clear sides	11¼
Shoulders	9½
HAMS.	
Sugar-cured	15
Bulk	12½
LARD.	
Tierces	13¾@14¼
Kegs and cans	14½@15
Buckets	15@15¾

Wines and Liquors.

CORN WHISKY.	
Proof, 100 ₱ cent	$1 45@$1 75
80 ₱ cent	$1 30

Miscellaneous.

Lime—35@40; hydr ulic, $1 50.	
Nails—12d, 10d	$3 50
Leather—	
Hemlock sole, goo damaged	26½@28
Good	29@30
White oak	40@50
Black upper	40@50
Salt—	
Liverpool	$1 60
Powder—	
Rifle	$6 40
Blasting	3 90@4 40
Shot—	
Buck	$3 00
Drop	$2 75
Bagging—	
Domestic	14
Borneo	14
Gunny	none
Iron Ties	5½
Pe "	4½

Dry Goods.

Ticking	6¾@20
Stripes	8½
Osnaburgs	10@11
Cambrics	6
Prints	5½@6½
Brown Sheetings	7¾@8
Shirtings	6¾@7
Bleached sheetings and shirtings	8@13
Domestics—	
4-4	7½@8
7-8	6½@7
3-4	5½
Yarns	95

Fruits and Confectionaries.

Oranges, ₱ box	$5 50@$7 00
Lemons, ₱ box	$6 00@$8 00
Bananas, ₱ bunch	$1 50@$3 00
Apples—Northern	$3 00@$6
Pears	$5 00@$6

THE
Georgia Daily Commonwealth,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING
(Except Sunday)
BY THE COMMONWEALTH PUBLISHING COMPANY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
And is edited by Col. CAREY W. STYLES, late of the Albany News, with efficient assistants.

THE COMMONWEALTH gives the current news of the city, State, and elsewhere, market reports, and vigorous editorials on Municipal, Political and General Subjects.

The coming canvass, State and National, will be closely watched and properly presented, while the Mechanical and Agricultural interests of the State will not be neglected. It large and rapidly increasing circulation.

TERMS.

One month, 75 cents; Two months, $1 25; Four months, $2 00; One year, $6 0.

PRINTING, BINDING and RULING of every kind, done in the best style and at lowest prices. COMMONWEALTH PUBLISHING COMPANY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
june11—dtf

RHEUMATISM.
ONE (1) BOTTLE OF
Dr. Russell's Rheumatic Remedy
WILL always cure an attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, if taken within 10 or 15 days after the attack occurs. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia.
jan25—d6m4t hp

DR. RICE,
No. 37 Court Place,
Louisville, Kentucky.
A REGULARLY Educated and legally qualified Physician and the most successful as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases.

Spermatorrhœa and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams,) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering marriage unhappy or improper, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Syphilis positively and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured!

It is self evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact, often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by express or mail everywhere.

Consultation personally or by letter, free and invited. Charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

Address as above.

A Private Counsellor
of 250 pages sent to any address (securely sealed for thirty cents. Should be read by all.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 2 to 4 p. m.
feb20— [aug5-d&w

HENRI PALING,
LATE
ORGANIST
OF
St. Peter's R. C. Church,
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA,
IS open for engagements. Address Messrs. Turner & Brammaller and Phillips & Crew' Music Stores. He is recommended in autograph letters by Goltschalk, Wotzenhaupt, Murio, Marmontel, &c., &c. Also, by the President of the New York Philharmonic Society. Terms—$10 monthly for Tuition on Piano. may18—dtf

RUPTURE
Dr. J. A. SHERMAN cautions the afflicted to beware of Charlatans going about selling imitation appliances and poisonous mixtures as his curative method. One of these fellows, a Dry Goods Clerk, W. G. Crumpton, was arrested in Pennsylvania for calling himself Doctor. The game is to exact $50 00, and even $100 00, from the unsuspect, while Dr. SHERMAN'S Genuine Appliances and Curative Compound is reduced to $20 00. Office—PARK ROW and ANN STREETS, NEW YORK. See extended notice on first page next reading. Books, with Photographic likeness of case before and after cure, mailed on receipt of 10 cents.
jan24—d&w1m-tthp,s,7,p.

Jack & Holland,
36 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GA.
june11—dtf

New Advertisements.

Summer Delicacies

In view of the general scarcity of money and encouraged by the increased patronage bestowed upon us, we have reduced the prices of many goods, and are now selling

SPARKLING
Soda Water,
PURE AND HEALTHY,
5 Cents

MEAD,
a delightful Summer beverage,
At 5 Cents

The Superb Fount is presided over by the prince of Arctic mixtures, Mr. WILLIS VENABLE.

ICE CREAM,
the best in the city at following prices:

Per Plate or Glass	10c
Per Quart	65
Per Pint	35c
Per Gallon	$2 25
Per half Gallon	1 25

Packed in ice, and can be carried to any part of the city and kept for some time.

OUR SUPERB
Ice Cream Parlor
is handsomely fitted up and complete in all its appointments. Ladies will find it a most agreeable and quiet retreat, entirely free from noise and dust, and at same time commanding a view of the busy throngs on Whitehall. Attentive and polite waiters will supply your wants. Our
Pastry Bakery
is the most complete and extensive in the South and is presided over by a GENIUS in his line, rivalled in Atlanta.

We keep constantly on hand, fresh and nice
BREAD
square and twist, Buns in great variety, Rusk Snaps, Tea Biscuit of every kind, Cakes, Lady Fingers, Cream Puffs, Egg Kisses, Maccaroons, &c., &c., &c.

Maillard's celebrated
BON BONS
75c per lb.
American Cream Bon Bons, and American Fancy and Mixed
CANDIES.
40 to 60c per lb.
Chocolate, Caramels and Cream Chocolotes, manufacture, fresh and nice, 40c lb.

Broken
Candies.
clean, nice, fresh, 1 lb 20c;
3 lbs. 50c; 7 lbs. $1 00.

Broken
Crackers
4c to 5c per pound.

Call and see us.

New Advertisements.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

A GREAT OFFER! During this month we will dispose of 100 new and second-hand PIANOS and ORGANS of first-class makers, including WATERS' at lower prices than ever before offered. New 7 Octave Pianos for $260 Boxed and shipped. Terms, $40 cash and $10 monthly until paid. New 8 Octave 4 Stop Organs with book closets and stool warranted for $100—$20 cash, and $5 monthly until paid. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. AGENTS WANTED. HORACE WATERS & SONS, 481 Broadway, N. Y. may28—d&wsw

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
SUMMER LAW LECTURES, (nine weeks), begin 13th July, 1876, and end 13th September. Have proved of signal use, 1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law-school; 2d, to those who propose to read privately; and 3rd, to practioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.

SOLID WEALTH!
$60,000 IN GIFTS!
Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public!
A FORTUNE FOR ONLY $12.

THE KENTUCKY CASH DISTRIBUTION COMPANY authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF FRANKFORT, will have the first of their series of Cash Drawings, at MAJOR HALL, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of
$600,000.
Thos. P. Porter, Ex-Gov. Ky., Gen'l Manager.
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT!

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	13 each	130,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:
Whole tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters, $3; 9 Tickets, $100; 27¼ Tickets, $300; 46¾ Tickets, $500; 93½ Tickets, $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Post-office Money Order Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, should be addressed to
HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
General Manager, Frankfort, Ky.
Price, Twenty-Five Cents

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING
ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.
Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and he Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.
A complete list of American Newspapers, numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published; Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings. BOOK OF 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post-paid, to any address for 35 cents. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co., New York.
ENERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.
june20—d&w4w

Centennial Route
THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE
LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI
SHORT LINE
RAILROAD.
THE QUICKEST, BEST AND ONLY ROUTE With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.
New York
And other Eastern Cities
WITHOUT CHANGE
Arriving many hours in advance of all other Lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all Lines running
Pullman & Wagner
PALACE SLEEPERS.
To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca, and New York
Without Change
This is the only Line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville by changing cars at Short Line Junction with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with
An Excellent Meal
at Rufer's Dining Hall, at all hours,
THROUGH SLEEPERS
from New New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta, Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery, and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this Line.
During the Centennial
Exhibition at Philadelphia, this Line will sell Excursion Tickets at
Greatly Reduced Rates.
ASK FOR TICKETS VIA
LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE
The only Line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.
JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't
R. S. PARKER,
G. P. & P. Agent, Louisville, Ky.
jan2—dly

To the Suffering Public!
DR. HOOVER, Chiropodist, Atlanta, Ga., will remove all suffering blemishes, such as Corns, Bunions, In-Grown Toe Nails, even where they are beneath the flesh, with but little pain. The operation leaves no soreness, and shoes can afterwards be worn with ease and comfort.
He can be found at the Kimball House from 9 to 10 and 3 to 4 o'clock.
All orders left with the clerks, promptly attended to. may14-tf

PAINTING & GRAINING
D. F. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of
House and Sign Painting.
Also, GRAINING and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, second door from the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, next Statio House. apr18—dtm

STORAGE.
Cunningham's Warehouse
AM prepared to offer FIRST-CLASS STORAGE for Cotton, Grain, Flour, Hay, and other merchandize in my BRICK WAREHOUSE (gravel roof,) on the line of Railroad, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets. Insurance rates lower than any other Warehouse in the city. The, with the rail road facilities, enables me to offer the cheapest and best storage in the State.
Liberal Cash Advances
made on staple Goods stored in my Warehouse for terms, call on or address
A. T. CUNNINGHAM,
Commission Merchant,
Atlanta, Ga.
may28—dtf

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

R. DYER,
Practical Slater,
15 Broad Street, near the Bridge,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. Large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different colors always on hand. Slate stone in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited. mar10, 1876—

L. J. TROMASSON,
DEALER IN
Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
FLOUR, &c. Marietta street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New freehold Warehouse at foot of Market street apr30, 1876—

Dentists.

HOLLAND & GRENSHAW.
DENTISTS.
Office, 32 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
June1 7, 1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER
Dentist.
No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

Lawyers.

J. MAHES,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to Johnel. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James, Ordinary of Douglas and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.
dec10, 1875—d&w1y

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY.
MARLER & PERRY,
Attorneys at Law,
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the circuits of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties
june20, 1876—dly

JOHN V. EDGE,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.
WILL practice Douglas, Campbell, Carroll and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections. june23, 1875—d6m

H. J. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law,
MASON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES: Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law at Univ. Va.; H. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Jno Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo. W. Adair. june9—1f

STERLING B TONEY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
22 Court Place,
LOUISVILLE.....KENTUCKY.
REFERENCES: Citizens' Bank, Louisville, Ky.; Fall's ly Tobacco Bank, Louisville, Ky.; Hon. Horo W. Bruce, Chancellor Chancery Court, Hon Henry J. Stiles, Judge of the Court of Comm. Pleas, Louisville, Hon. James L. Pugh, Eufaul, Ala; Hon. W. C. Oates, Dr. R. B. Ridley, Anita, Ga. apr8—d1m

PYE BARROW,
Attorney at Law,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted. jan25, 1876—dly

FAIL C. HUDSON.
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in McDuffie and adjoining counties. Collections a specialty.
dec31—d3m

JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 4 Bal Street, ATHENS, GA.
WILL practice in the Courts of the State. march 26—dly

W. D. TUTT,
Attorney at Law
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
dec2—d3m

HENRY C. BONEY,
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given to collections.
dec25—dtf

R. T. NELMS,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON, GEORGIA.
PRACTICE in Henry and adjoining counties and the federal Courts. nov7—d6m

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,
Attorney at Law,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. —dly

P. L. MYNATT,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAS removed to Nos. 24 and 26, Kimball House up-stairs. Entrance on Wall street.
may2—dly

MTT. H. SANDWICH,
Attorney at Law,
THOMASTON, GEORGIA.
COMMERCIAL Collections. Practices in the Courts of Georgia. may3, 1874—dly

A. THORNWELL,
Attorney at Law,
ROME, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention to collections. mar10, 1876—d12m

J. A McWHORTER,
Attorney at Law,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections.
feb5, 1875—dly

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar2—tf

HENRY JACKSON, J. H. LUMPKIN,
Reporter Supreme Court.
JACKSON & LUMPKIN,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ ALABAMA STREET.
PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the supreme Court. mar9—dly

A. T. DOWNING,
Attorney and Solicitor,
COLUMBUS, GA.
PRACTICES in the State Courts of the Chattahoochee Circuit, Georgia, and in the United States Courts. Also, United States Commissioner and Register in Bankruptcy. Office, over Brooks drug store, Columbus, Georgia.
mar3—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY,
Attorney at Law,
SPARTA, GEORGIA.
aug9—dly

W. S. JOHNSON,
Attorney at Law,
CALHOUN, GEORGIA.
OFFICE on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.
June 1875—d12m

EDWARD J. REAGAN,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON, GEORGIA.
PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.
may16, 1875—dly

J. A. ANSLEY,
Attorney at Law
AMERICUS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections.
feb5, 1875—dly

REMOVAL.
JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE REMOVED to No. 5, first floor, Kimball House, in rear of Georgia Banking and Trust Company. Entrance from Wall street.
my21—dtm

Atlanta Broom Works.
MEASURES NOT MEN.
BROOMS, NOT WHISKS.
Atlanta Broom Works.
We make the BEST BROOM at a reasonable price and desire the patronage of the merchants of Atlanta. Call and examine our stock. Country orders solicited.
No. 27 Rockie Street, Atlanta, Ga.
A. S. LENFESTEY.
june6-d1m

Centennial Excursion.
1776. 1876
Certennial Transportation Arrangements
OF THE
GREAT ATLANTIC COAST LINE
FOR
THE ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS FROM ALL POINTS SOUTH.
The Railways and Steamship Companies between Augusta, Georgia, and Philadelphia, comprising the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, will during the progress of the
Centennial Exhibition of United States,
present for the patronage of the citizens of the South, routes of transportation and forms of tickets upon which to reach Philadelphia, that will immeasurably excel all other lines in point of
Direct Daily Movement,
Comfortable Accommodation,
Variability of Transit,
Economy of Expenditure.
To enable this to be done, the combined resources of the RAILWAY LINES SOUTH OF NORFOLK, together with those of the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY and the